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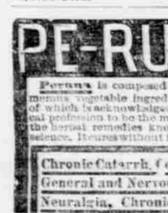

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A GILDED SIN.

BY BERTHA M. CLAY.

CHAPTER X.

Crushing the green leaves and sweet blossoms under his feet, trampling down the smiling flowers, beating aside the trailing sprays, his heart beating, his brain on fire, Sir Marc hastened across the park. It seemed to him that the whole world had suddenly crumbled to ruins. He muttered bitter, terrible words to himself. If the stars had fallen from heaven, it would have surprised him less than the fact that Veronica had done wrong—his ideal, the one pure, noble, gentle soul in whom he had placed all his trust. All that was beautiful, poetical, maidenly, and charming seemed to be vested in her; and now his ideal had been rudely destroyed.

"I will never believe in any human being again while I live," he said to himself—"never! So fair, so beautiful, so loving, so tender, yet so lost to all sense of what is right! I will never look again at woman's face!"

He reached the railway station at Hurstwood, and there, half hidden by a long, black veil, he saw Clara Morton. She rose as he came up to her.

"It is well," he said, "that you are a women; if you were a man I would horsewhip you!" There was such fierce, hot anger in his eyes that she shrunk back. "You need not fear," he added scornfully. "Give me your proofs, name your price, and then never let your shadow fall across my path again."

Dealing with a man was different from frightening a delicate, refined girl, Clara Morton found. She began a whole string of excuses.

"Not one word," he said. "Simply repeat the story. Let me hear all the details, and then give me your proofs and name your price."

She told him the story, and then added:

"My proofs are charred remains of the parchment that I took from the fire, on which you will plainly see these words. 'Last will and testament of Sir Jasper Brandon.'"

"What do you want for it?" he asked contemptuously.

"It is not for myself, Sir Marc—it is not indeed. I want five hundred pounds."

"You are modest in your demands, certainly, and you have ruined — But why should I waste words upon such as you? If I give you the sum you name, you must not only surrender what you are pleased to call your proofs, but you must take an oath to keep the secret and leave England. If you return—listen to my threat—if you dare to return and address by letter or by word of mouth that hapless lady, I will have you indicted for conspiracy, and your sentence will probably be hard labor for life. As to your conduct, it is so utterly, horribly base, I have no patience to speak of it."

The woman murmured some words. He did not even listen to them.

"I have no wish to hear more," he said, "I will give you a check for five hundred pounds on condition that you give me your proofs and take the required oath. Tremble if you dare to break it—tremble if your false, wicked face is seen here again!"

He took out his check-book, and, going into one of the station offices, made out a check for the sum named. On returning he placed it quietly in her hands and she gave him the packet containing the charred fragments of the will, and took the oath upon which he had insisted. Silently he pointed to the great open gates, and she passed out of them. They never met again. As she passed out of the gates, so she passed out of his life.

Whether the punishment of her wickedness ever came in this world he never knew.

Then Sir Marc went away to London. What to do with himself he could not tell. He felt that it was impossible for him to take up the broken thread of his life. In the first hot, angry rush of his disappointment he had not realized what life without Veronica would be. Now that it stretched out before him in all its chill, terrible reality, he was at a loss how to endure it. There were times even when he almost wished that he had forgiven her. Then he recoiled from the thought. How could he love a woman to whom the word "honor" was an empty sound?

Sir Marc was most unhappy. He read with a stony face all the paragraphs which said that there was no foundation for the rumor of the approaching marriage of Sir Marc Caryll—that he was going abroad. He made no complaint, no moan; but he owned to himself that his life was ended. He would close Wervelhurst Manor, and spend the remainder of his days where nothing could remind him of the love he had lost. There was to be no angel in the house for him. He knew that he must love Veronica until he died—that no one else could ever take her place—that no one else could ever be to him what she had been. Had she died, it seemed to him that his grief would have been easier to bear. Then he would have retained all his love; now his love must go, while he was stranded. Life had lost all its attraction for him.

He had freed Veronica from her bondage—of that he was pleased to think. No one could frighten her now. She was quite safe, and the terrible secret was dead and buried. He locked away the charred fragments; he did not destroy them—he could never tell why; and that one simple proceeding altered the whole destiny of his life. Had there been a fire in his room when he reached home, he would have tossed the little packet into the flames; as it was, the door of his iron safe was open, and he flung the packet into it.

Then he set about making arrangements for going abroad; but he found that it would be impossible—that he could not leave England until after Christmas without neglecting duties that his conscience would not allow him to neglect. He said to himself that he must be content. There was no help for it. He must shut himself up in the old Manor house, where Veronica's sweet face would never shine. Time would pass when once he was over the seas—he would live on excitement. Anything would be better than staying in England. Yet by night and by day—despite all his stern resolve to forget Veronica—he was always asking himself why she had burned the will—what her motive was—what she had gained by it? Was it possible that the will took from her some legacy or gift?

"I never thought that she even cared for money," he said to himself over and over again. "She seemed so free from all mercenary taint. Why did she destroy the will?"

The more he thought about it the more he was puzzled, the greater grew the mystery. He drove himself almost mad with conjecturing; and he never even faintly guessed the truth, it never dawned across him.

So the time wore away; he bore patiently all comments and remarks. It was supposed by the world in general that he had been dismissed by Miss di Cyntha; no one had even an inkling of the truth. He grew pale and thin during those few months; but they passed at last.

Two days before Christmas day all his arrangements were made and he was ready to sail.

He bethought himself then that it would be only right to destroy the charred fragments of the will, for if they fell into other hands there would be danger; and one wild day in December, when the wind was wailing and roaring round the house, he went to the safe and took from it the little parcel. The snow was beating furiously against the window, great masses of cloud darkened the heavy skies; then came a lull in the storm. Never until the day he dies will Sir Marc forget the hour and the scene. With some curiosity he went to the window to examine the charred fragments; quite distinctly he saw the words—"The last will and testament of Sir Jasper Brandon."

"Poor child!" he murmured to himself. "What could have prompted her to do this most evil deed?"

A little robin-redbreast fell with fluttering wings on the window-sill, beaten down by the snow and wind; it lay there fluttering, gasping, with its little life almost gone. He was tender of heart, this man so stern in morals; he could not endure the sight of the little bird's agony. He dropped the parchment and opened the window. He took the little, helpless creature in, he warmed it and fed it, and then bethought himself of the will. He hastened to pick it up; it had opened as it fell, and as he raised it he saw words that he had not seen before. He took it to the window, and as he examined it his face grew white, great dark shadows came into his eyes, and he cried:

"Great Heaven! How is it that I have never even thought of this before?"

CHAPTER XI.

Great had been the consternation at Queen's Chace when Lady Brandon, in few cut words, said that Miss di Cyntha's wedding was postponed indefinitely. The worst of it was there came no solution to the mystery—whether there had been a quarrel or not no one could say. All that was known was that Sir Marc had left quite suddenly one day, and that two or three days afterward those interested had been told to cease all preparations for the wedding.

No one was more astonished than Katherine when her mother told her the news; and at first she refused to believe it.

"There is some mistake, mamma," she cried; "I would more readily believe that Alton did not care for me."

"Unfortunately there is no mistake, said Lady Brandon sadly.

"Whose fault is it?" inquired Katherine. "Not Veronica's? I am quite sure that Veronica loved Sir Marc more dearly than I can tell. It always seemed to me that her love was her life. It cannot be Sir Marc's, for he loved the very ground she stood on. I cannot understand it, mamma. What does Veronica say?"

"Nothing. She only looks unutterably sad and miserable, and begs of me not to talk about it."

"I will go to her myself," said Katherine impulsively.

"It is useless, Katherine," returned Lady Brandon. She will only be more miserable than ever."

But Katherine would not be controlled. She hastened up to Veronica's room and found her favorite standing by the window.

"My darling, you have been ill," she cried. "Mamma says that you fainted."

Then she started, for Veronica had turned round to greet her, and the change that had come over her was so terrible that the young heiress was shocked. Veronica's face was pale and worn, the dark eyes were tearless, but there was in them a look of fathomless woe.

"Veronica," cried the girl, "it is true then! I can see from your face that it is true; there is no need to ask a question. You and Sir Marc have parted!"

"Yes," she said drearily, "we have parted, Katharine—not for an hour, a day, or a year but forever."

"I will not believe it! What has come between you who loved each other so well?"

"I cannot tell you," replied Veronica, with a long, low sigh.

"You must tell me," declared Katherine. "I want to help you. I could not live and know that you were unhappy, Veronica. I must follow Sir Marc and bring him back."

"I cannot tell you anything about it, Katherine," said Veronica. "And yet I may tell you this. He asked me to do something for him, and I refused; he placed the alternative of parting before me, and I took it. You will ask me nothing more?"

"No," she replied musingly—"that is, unless you like to trust me more fully."

"I cannot," said Veronica, with a shudder; "he has gone, and we shall not meet again in this world; yet I was worthy of his love. To me it seems that I have stood by him dead and kissed him for the last time."

Her voice had in it a ring of weary despondency, her eyes were fixed with a strange, dazed expression, her hands were folded and lay on her knees. She looked up at Katherine.

"Kate, give me one promise," she said—"just one. Tell me that you will never renew this subject. To renew it will be simply to give me bitter pain. Promise me that you will never do so."

Her face had such an imploring look that the young heiress could not resist.

"I do promise," she said; and then or one minute the dreary calmness of the beautiful face was broken.

"Kate, come and sit by me," she requested; "let us talk of you—not of me—of you and your bright life, your happy love." She took the young heiress caressingly into her arms. "Come and tell me, dear, how happy you are—it will comfort me a little. You are all the world to me—it will comfort me so much to hear that you are really happy; talk to me about it." It seemed to the lonely, desolate soul and the aching heart that there would be some little support, some little comfort, in hearing that her great sacrifice had not been in vain—in knowing that Katherine would gain from her—Veronica's—sorrow.

"It seems so selfish for me to talk of happiness while you are so sad, Veronica."

"It will comfort me," she pleaded—"you do not know why, but it will comfort me."

"Then," said the young heiress, "I am happy, Veronica. My life is so bright, so beautiful, that I would not change it for any other life." She paused.

"Go on," requested Veronica.

"I am rich," said the young girl, "and—I am like a child—I love my position. I love my grand, beautiful inheritance."

Then Veronica raised her head, and a faint smile came over her white, troubled face.

"You are sure of that," she questioned eagerly—"quite sure?"

"Yes, indeed I am," replied Katherine. "No one could even guess how dearly I love the Chace."

"Now tell me about your love," said Veronica.

"What can I tell you, dear, save that my love and my life are one—that I have no thought, or wish, or desire that does not begin and end in Alton? Now, has that comforted you?"

"Yes, more than anything you could have said. You could have thought of nothing that would comfort me one-half so much. You will leave me now, Kate—I am the better for your coming, dear—and when we meet again all will be forgotten, except that we love each other."

It had not been all in vain then; the sun of her life had set in darkness and gloom, but she had made one at least happy. So the past was mentioned no more. She tried to bear her life. She never complained. She was like a devoted daughter to Lady Brandon. She was the most loving of sisters to the young heiress. But day by day she grew more and sad; she grew pale and thin; she began to hope that Heaven would take pity on her and let her die soon. So the winter months came round, and at Christmas preparations were begun for the marriage of the young heiress. Lady Brandon had invited a large circle of guests, and one of them, not knowing of the recent *contretemps*, having just returned from Spain, spoke of Sir Marc Caryll, and said that he was going to take up his residence abroad.

Veronica overheard it. She did not speak; the lovely face grew paler, and a mist of unshed tears dimmed the beautiful eyes; but soon afterward she went to Lady Brandon's room, her marvellous self-control gone at last. She stood before her with a look that Lady Brandon never forgot.

"You must let me go away," she said; "I cannot remain here. I cannot bear it. You must let me go home to Venice to die."

Then she wept as she had never wept in her life before, as one who had no hope—wept until Lady Brandon was alarmed, and she herself was exhausted. Then Lady Brandon said to her:

"You shall go; I will take you. You shall go to Venice, or where you will; only wait—wait, for my sake, until the wedding is over."

So for the sake of the woman who had influenced her so strongly she waited, but it seemed to her and to every one else that those days brought her nearer death.

"Do people ever die of a broken heart?" she thought. "A year ago I was strong and well. I had color in my face and light in my eyes; I had strength in my limbs and joy in my heart. Now my strength has left me; people look grave when their eyes rest on me; life is a heavy burden that I would fain lay down—and why? What has happened? I have lost my love! The man who took my heart from me has left me, and—I may hide it as I may—I am pining for one look at his face before I die. Oh, Marc, my sweetheart, could you not have trusted me even ever so little? I shall send for him when I am dying, and ask him to hold me in his strong arms. Oh, Marc, you might have trusted me, for you were all I had in the world!"

So she wore her heart and her life away, longing only for death, that, dying, she might see him again.

CHAPTER XII.

"Peace on earth," rang the Christmas bells—"Peace on earth, good-will toward men!" The music came pealing over the snow, stirring men's hearts with the warmth of love. It was such a Christmas as had not been seen for years, so bright, so clear, so frosty. The country people said strange things must happen, for the holly was so full of berries.

Queen's Chace was unusually gay. Outside in the deep woods the snow lay thick and white, the evergreens stood out like huge sentinels, the dainty laurel leaves held little nests of snow, the fir raised its head with a stately air, for King Christmas never came in without it. The world was so fair and so bright; great icicles hung like huge diamonds from the trees and the hedges.

Lord Alton had arrived, and was so engrossed with his fair young love that Lady Brandon had ceased to expect anything from him. He had been, like every one else, alarmed when he saw Veronica. Her pale, shadowly loveliness had startled him, and many of the whispered words between Katherine and Lady Brandon were about her. On that Christmas night she looked more beautiful than ever. By Lady Brandon's desire she wore a dress of costly black velvet, with a suite of suberb rubies; but the white rounded arms had grown thin, and there was a shadow over her beauty. She was sitting watching Katherine's bright face, flushed into greater brightness by her lover's words, when one of the footmen coming to her said, in a mysterious undertone—

"You are wanted, Miss di Cyntha."

"Wanted?" she repeated. "Where? Who wants me?"

"I cannot say, miss—some one who has a message for you; some one who is waiting for you in the library."

Veronica had some poor pensioners to whom on this Christmas Day she had been most liberal; it was one of those come to thank her, no doubt. It was not a nice time to choose; and she wondered just a little why the servants should show such a one into the library.

She rose and quitted the room; as she passed through the broad corridor she stopped for a moment and looked through the windows at the lovely Christmas night—at the moon shining on the white snow, and the shadows of the great swaying boughs. In the faint far distance she heard the bells of Hurstwood church. "Peace on earth," they were chiming—"good-will toward men." Then she remembered the poor pensioner waiting, and went on to the library.

She was surprised to find the room badly lighted. There was a ruddy glow of firelight, and one lamp was burning dimly; but it was a large, long room, and the other half of it was full of soft, dark shadows. She entered and stood for some minutes in silent expectation; there was no sound, no movement, and she never glanced to where the soft dark shadows lay. The red firelight fell full upon her fragile beauty, on the slender figure and the white, wasted arms; on the beautiful, passionate, restless face, and the rubies that gleamed on her white throat. Presently from where the dark, soft shadows lay came a sigh. She looked up.

"Who is that?" she demanded. "Is anyone here—anyone who wants to see me?"

Then she stopped abruptly and stood rooted to the ground, a low cry on her lips and a pain as bitter as death in her heart—surely a figure she knew was coming to her from out of the soft, dark shadows! She held up her hands as though to ward off an evil presence, and then they fell by her side as she uttered a low, passionate cry.

It was he—she had made no mistake—it was Marc Caryll, the man she loved better than her life, the man whose stern decision was killing her. They stood in the red glow of the firelight looking at each other, but she saw there was no sternness in his face now—nothing but passionate love, passionate pity, and blinding tears.

"My darling, my beautiful sweetheart, have I been the cause of this?" he said, touching the wasted arms. "Have I been the cause of this, Veronica?"

"I thought I was never to see you again," she said faintly. "Are you sorry that you were quite so hard? Have you come to tell me so?"

Her words seemed to recall him to himself.

"I have to tell you that I was a madman—a blind madman!" he cried. "I hate myself so utterly for my folly, Veronica. My darling, my noble, generous darling, I know why you burned the will."

She clasped her hands with a murmured word he did not hear.

"I know why it was, and I blame myself for my great folly," he continued. "I ought to have understood—I ought to have known that you were incapable of anything wicked. I deserve to lose you for not having understood you better."

She raised her face to his.

"You cannot know why I destroyed it," she said. "Even the wicked woman who saw me burn it did not know the reason."

"She did not, but I do. Are you surprised? Veronica, see what this has told me."

He came near her, and, taking a paper from his pocket, unfolded it; and then she saw the charred fragments of the will.

"Look on this side first," he said. "Here are the words—'Last will and testament of Sir Jasper Brandon.' The woman read those."

She looked at them with some curiosity, the words that had cost her so dear. Then Sir Marc opened the parchment.

"Now look," he said, "at what is written here."

She bent over him and read:

"'My beloved daughter, Veronica Brandon, hitherto known as Veronica di Cyntia:'"

She cried out as she read the words. It seemed to her as though Heaven itself had cleared her.

"Those are the words that the woman did not read," he said. "They are clear to me. The moment my eyes fell upon them I understood it all. I know, just as well as if you told me, that Sir Jasper married your mother long years ago—in Venice, I should imagine—and that she died quite young, leaving you. Why he gave you up I cannot even imagine—perhaps you will tell me; but it seems to me that he kept the fact of his marriage a profound secret—why I cannot say. Then," he continued, "I believe that on his death-bed he gave you this will, leaving, as was right, his estates to you, his eldest daughter, and that you, in your noble generosity, your great self-sacrifice, rather than disinherit your sister, burned the will and never mentioned it. It is so?"

"I cannot answer you," she said. "I will tell you why. I took an oath of silence with my hands upon my dead father's heart." Then she stopped with a cry of dismay. She had betrayed herself!

"He was your father then," said Sir Marc. "I knew it." He took her hands in his. "Sweetheart," he said, "my life has been a curse to me since I lost you. Forgive me—forgive my absurd folly, my miserable suspicion, my unjust thoughts. Give me the great treasure of your love again and I will promise on my part the most inviolable secrecy—I will never betray the secret of your birth or the secret of the will. I do not deserve such pardon, but——"

The answer was certainly not given in words. There was silence in the room after that—silence full of happiness. How long had it lasted? Veronica started in alarm. Lady Brandon was standing near her with a most alarmed expression on her face.

"My dear Veronica," she was saying, "where are you? Who is this with you?"

She looked still more alarmed when Veronica raised her happy tear-stained face, saying:

"Lady Brandon, this is Sir Marc. He has come back, and we are friends again."

"We are more than friends, Lady Brandon," broke in Sir Marc; "we are lovers—and I hope we shall soon be husband and wife."

Then Lady Brandon went to seek for Katherine; and while she was gone Veronica turned to her lover, saying:

"Marc, swear to me that you will never utter a single word to Lady Brandon about the will—that you will never betray to her your knowledge of my birth."

He promised, and that was the only secret Veronica kept from him. He did not know that Lady Brandon ever heard either of the marriage or of the will.

"I knew it must be so," said the young heiress, as she stood holding a hand of [illegible] in a lovers' quarrel that has nearly killed Veronica, and now you have made it up again. Mamma, their wedding must be on the same day as ours, and we will take Veronica to France until she grows quite strong again."

And it was all carried out as she proposed.

"What are those bells chiming, Veronica?" asked her lover as they walked down the broad corridor together. "What is it? The music seems quite familiar to me."

They stood for a few moments watching the moon shining on the snow, and listening to the grand hosannas of the winter wind as it swept over the woods. Then she turned to him and answered:

"It is the oldest and sweetest music that the earth knows—'On earth peace, good-will toward men.'"

THE END.

The One He Forgot.

"John, I would like to invite my friend, Mrs. Smalley, this evening; will you be able to be in?"

"No, my dear; I must attend a meeting of the Knights of Honor to-night."

"Well, to-morrow evening?"

"I have the Ancient Order of United Workmen, and you know——"

"What about Wednesday evening?"

"Oh! the Odd Fellows meet that night; and on Thursday I have a meeting of the Chosen Friends to attend; on Friday, the Royal Templars; on Saturday there's a special meeting of the Masonic Lodge, and I couldn't miss that; and then Sunday—let me see—what is there on Sunday night, my dear?"

"The Grand and Ancient Order of Christian Fellowship."

"Why, I have forgotten; am I a member of that—let me see——"

"But you have forgotten another society, John, of which you were once a member."

"What's that?"

"Your wife's!"

A Dakota Man's Scheme.

"That brindle dog of yours has killed three more of my chickens this morning," said the wife of a Dakota settler to her husband, "and if you don't shoot him I'm going to give him a dose of strychnine."

"Hold on now, Sary, hold on, I've got a plan."

"Oh, bother yer plan—you can't never break him of the trick, and the best thing you can do is to kill him."

"No 'taint, Sary, nowhere near the best we can do. Just wait till you hear my plan."

"Well, what is yer remark'ble plan?"

"Why, I'll tie him up now and sell him fer a bird dog to the first Chicago hunter that comes along. I'll get $40 fer that dog yet, if you'll just lemme be."

A Puzzler.

Little girl (looking at a one-legged man)—"Oh, mamma! Where was he made?"

Mother—"Made in Heaven, my dear."

Little girl—"Why don't he go back and get finished?"

LAUGHS FOR LOVERS.

—He—"So you dont care to be mine with all that I have at my command?"

She—"That's just the trouble. I dont want to be under your command.
—*The Judge.*

—Miss Charlotte (who has $70,000 a year)—"Really, Mr. Hunter, some one else has my love."

"Mr. H.—"Well that ought to satisfy him—I will be content with the rest.
—*Life.*

—We left our sanctum at midnight last night and on our way home we saw a young lady and gentleman holding a gate on its hinges. They were evidently indignant at being kept out so late, as we saw them bite each other several times.
—*New York Journal.*

—"Theodore, I don't believe you love me any more," said a K Street girl plaintively, as her best young man, a Post-office Department clerk, pulled her past an ice cream saloon.

"Oh, don't say that, dearest," said he, reproachfully. "Why, I named fourteen post-offices after you last week."
—*Washington Critic.*

—"Why don't you propose to her, Joe?"

"Well, I'm half afraid."

"She loves you, doesn't she?"

"O, awfully."

"You agree with her father in politics?"

"Yes."

"And with her mother in religion?"

"Yes."

"And with her brother as to who is the best pitcher?"

"Yes?"

"Then blow me if I can see what you are afraid of.

—Lovers are prone to self-depreciation. Said he tenderly, as they sat looking at the stars—

"I do not understand what you can see in me that you love me."

"That's what everybody says," gurgled the ingenious maiden.

Then the silence became so deep that you could hear the stars twinkling.
—*Courier.*

—"Wish I could wear a Coney Island bathing suit," said a Niagara street young man to his cousin last evening, as they sat on the piazza and perspired.

"What does a Coney Island bathing suit consist of, George?" demurely asked the maiden.

"Oh," he replied, "a little cotton to put in your ears."

Then they looked at the pale moon until it was time to change the subject.
—*Buffalo Courier.*

—Mrs. Shoddy—"What has become of your beau, Belle?"

Miss S.—"He has gone to the beach for his health."

Mrs. S.—"He's rich and I can't see why you shilly-shally with him so long. Why don't you marry him?"

Miss S.—"I do not care to marry him. He is a vulgar fraction."

Mrs. S.—"What's that got to do with it? We're no snobber's about religion. It aint like as if either of you were Catholics and needed a dispensation. You ought to be glad of the chance. If I was in your place I'd marry him, if he was a vegetarian."—*Boston Courier.*

A BOY'S LOGIC.

One day the teacher told her scholars "it was wrong to chew tobacco," when a small boy with quite an important air replied that he had seen a fellow chew science his teeth ached, and shortly afterwards that it was a wonder he did not chew tobacco if teeth ached.

This seemed to please the school very much, and the teacher was at first puzzled to know how to answer such a stunning argument.

At last it was said to the bold boy, "Horace, if a girl should have the toothache, and want to chew tobacco, what should she do?"

Horace scratched his head, and then said, positively, "She ought to have the tooth pulled out." The solving of young hopeful is just as foolish and wicked for boys as for girls.

A TRIMMER SCORE.

First Omaha Man (for athletics)—"My poor friend, the stag party which you intended to have at your residence to-night can't come off."

Second Omaha Man—"Great Cæsar! The Ceiling caved in, chuck full of jugs and bottles and glasses. Why, it isn't twenty-one hours since my wife wrote me she wouldn't be back from Minnetonka for a month."

"Your wife? I said nothing about your wife. I just came from your part of the town and saw your house burn down!"

"O! Is that all? I was afraid my wife had got home."

CARL PRETZEL'S PHILOSOPHY.

It vas a circular singunidance dot a feller's nose vas a besser friend as his tongue. Dot nose he vill bleed and dye for him, vhen der occasion demands it.

Many body vas got a temper of his own, but der feller dot can put a mortgage on it, so as to keep dot all by himself, vas entitled to have a good ablastite on his countenance.

Please take your outsides in, vhen a fool said something, don't talk mit a tief his honesty about, and you got an hoss on your bosom breast.

Der nimble hoses vas der vain cousin of olt Fadder Time. Dot's besser you don't got on der behind of their backsides.

A LOVE MATCH.

Julia—"I hear that you are engaged to be married."

Maria—"Yes, it's a fact, and my future husband is the handsomest and best of men."

"Then it's purely a love match, I suppose?"

"O entirely so, entirely."

"Has he got money?"

"What an absurd question. Of course he has got money—lots of it."

MERELY A SOUVENIR.

Tramp—"Please give me a few cents?"

Gent—"No."

"Well, can I you let me have an old pair of pants?"

"No."

"Or a coat?"

"No, I tell you. Clear out; I've nothing for you."

"How about your autograph? Can't you let me have that?"

THE SAME OLD BOY.

Now to abstain from deadly pond
The urchin's ma doth urge him,
And in the guise of Adam he
Doth in the same submerge him,
And when with lillies

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - - - JUNE 1, 1888.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,
J. B. McCOLLUM, of Susquehanna Co.
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS
ELECTORS-AT-LARGE,
HON. R. MILTON SPEER, Huntingdon,
HON. JOHN M. KEATING, Allegheny,

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

Dist.		Dist.	
1	David W. Sellers	15	Alvin Day
2	Michael Magee	16	William Dunt
3	A. H. Ladner	17	Russel James
4	Wm. J. Latta	18	H. H. Woodall
5	John Taylor	19	Herman Bosler
6	Franklin Walden	20	Wm. A. Garman
7	Geo. W. Fawling	21	William Maher
8	James Smith	22	John H. Bailey
9	Dan'l H. Schweyer	23	J. Huckenstein
10	W. R. Given	24	William P. Lantz
11	Charles Robinson	25	David S. Morris
12	J. B. Reynolds	26	Jas. H. Caldwell
13	Edw. J. Gaynor	27	S. T. Neill
14	Simon P. Light	28	J. L. Brown

Democratic Primary Elections.

In pursuance of a resolution adopted by the Democratic County Committee at its meeting on June 6, 1887, the Democratic voters of Cambria county will meet at their respective places of holding the election, on *Saturday*, June 2, 1888, and vote by ballot for the nomination of candidates for county officers, as follows:

One person for Congress.
One person for State Senator.
Two persons for Assembly.
One person for Sheriff.
One person for Poor-house Director.
One person for Jury Commissioner.
County Committeeman will also be elected in each district.

The polls will be open from 1 to 7 o'clock P. M.

The two following propositions relative to the manner of making nominations hereafter will also be voted on as directed by the County Committee June 6 1887:

First—For the present system.

Second—For the increased delegate system, upon the following basis: One delegate from each district, and for each district polling one hundred votes two delegates, and for each additional one hundred votes one additional delegate, the representation to be based each year on the Democratic vote polled for the leading man on the State ticket at the preceding State election.

Tickets and the necessary papers for conducting the elections will be furnished to each Committeeman. The Committeemen will take the returns of the election to Ebensburg, on Monday, June 4, where a meeting of the Committee will be held at 1 o'clock P. M. of that day, when the votes will be counted and the names of the successful candidates will be announced.

The Committeeman and members of the board in each district should be particular in being sworn and in signing their respective oaths and returns.

Also the Committeemen elected at the primaries for the ensuing year, are requested to meet in Ebensburg on Monday, June 4, 1888, at 4 o'clock, P. M, for the purpose of electing a chairman and transacting such other business as may be necessary.

Johnstown, } JAMES M. WALTERS,
April 17, '88. } Chairman.

The following are the rules for the government of the Democratic primary elections in this county:

SECTION 1. The time of opening and closing the polls in townships and boroughs shall be as follows: The polls shall be opened at 1 o'clock P. M., and closed at 7 o'clock P. M.

SEC. 2. The Committeemen of the respective townships and boroughs shall be the Judges of the Primary Elections, and shall appoint two Inspectors who shall serve as Clerks and who shall be members of the Democratic party.

SEC. 3. Formal papers shall be sent to the Committeemen by the Chairman, and each Committeeman shall make triplicate returns, signed by the Judge and attested by the Inspectors or Clerks. One of said returns shall be posted up in a conspicuous place at the place of holding the election immediately after the returns are made out, with a list of names of parties voting at said Primary Elections; also, one of said returns to remain in the hands of the County Committeeman of each district, and one copy of said returns, with a list of voters, to be sealed up and returned by the Return Judge to the Chairman of the County Committee. The tickets to be sealed up and kept by the Committeemen for thirty days.

SEC. 4. Parties shall only be allowed to vote at the place of holding the General Election in the district where they actually reside, and none shall vote except those that voted the Democratic ticket at the preceding General Election, except those who have arrived at the age of twenty-one years since the last General Election and declare themselves Democrats.

SEC. 5. The Committeemen shall be elected by ballot on the day of the Primary Election.

SEC. 6. The newly elected Committee shall elect their Chairman by ballot at their first regular meeting.

SEC. 7. The Chairman shall remain in office until his successor is elected.

SEC. 8 The Chairman shall call a meeting of the newly elected Committee within thirty-five days from the date of Primary Election.

SEC. 9. The newly elected Chairman shall nominate his Secretary.

SEC. 10 Any contested nomination shall be tried before the County Committee after formal, specific charges, as in contested cases at law. No case of contest shall be entertained unless specific charges are preferred and placed in the hands of the Chairman of the County Committee within thirty days after the election, and notice thereof shall be given to the candidate contested within five days.

THE United Labor party of Chicago concluded that is is not the part of wisdom to nominate a seperate ticket and have very sensibly resolved to support the Democratic moninee for Governor.

THE Prohibitionists Convention met at Indianapolis on Wednesday, but up to the time of our going to press we have not learned of the result of its labors. The general impression, however, is that their nominee for the Presidency will be General Clinton B. Fisk, of New Jersey.

COLONEL ELI SLIFER died on Saturday night from injuries received on Thursday morning by being thrown from his carriage while driving to his country residence near Lewisburg, Pa. His horses took fright at the noise of a passing train while he was driving over the Reading railroad bridge. He was State Treasurer in 1855-56, and 1857-59, and Secretary of the Commonwealth in 1861-66 under Governor Curtin.

THE next President and Vice President of the United States will be nominated at St. Louis on Tuesday next. Nearly all of the delegates to the St. Louis Convention have been elected and a canvass of their preferences and instructions leaves no room to doubt that Cleveland will be nominated on the first ballot and the indications are that no other name will be presented to the Convention. This is a political standing of which any man could be justly proud and is proof that Mr. Cleveland's Administration has been a good one. His election by the people will follow with a much larger majority than in 1884.

MR. BLAINE is out in another letter, dated at Paris, France, May 17th, to Whitelaw Reid, editor of the New York *Tribune*, in which he says he could not be a candidate after his Florence letter without being accused of bad faith by many of his former friends, and he does not choose to endure such a charge.

Mr. Blaine being out of the road, the several rival candidates who have been nursing their booms will now have an opportunity to let them grow. John Sherman, the Pinkstonian statesman from Ohio, may put his barrel on tap, or Depew the henchman of the Vanderbuilts, may marshall the strength of the railroad corporations to his aid and secure the nomination. But whether Sherman Depew or a dark horse, matters little to the Democracy as the Republican party has run its race, the handwriting is on the wall and it cannot avoid the "doom of destiny"

THE State Convention of Democratic clubs met in the Harrisburg Opera House on Wednesday of last week and established an association to be known as the Democratic Society of Pennsylvania. The Convention was a complete success in all its details and it promises to be the nucleus of a great organization to do effective work for the party in the coming campaign. The Convention elected Hon. Chauncey F. Black, of York, chairman; John M. Worman, of Philadelphia, secretary; J. Irvin Steele, Schuylkill, treasurer.

Democratic clubs should be organized in every election district for the purpose of looking after the interests of the party and disseminating Democratic literature, and after next week, when our primary election is over and a County Chairman elected, a move should be made to perfect an organization in this county.

JUDGE THURMAN, of Ohio, has been mentioned for the Vice Presidency on the Democratic ticket along with President Cleveland, and his nomination seems to be borne on a tidal wave that nothing can stop short of his absolute declination. It is to be hoped than the grand old statesman may consent to run, and the fact that he has never failed to respond when the interests of the party called makes it more than probable that he will be the next Vice President. Cleveland and Thurman would create such an amount of enthusiasm in the ranks of the Democratic party that it would sweep the country from Maine to the Gulf, and leave the Republican party after the November election as hard to gather together as the remnants of a western town after being struck by a cyclone.

THE Senate Judiciary Committee met at Washington on Monday and again deferred action on the nomination of Melville W. Fuller to be chief justice. When the committee met the Democratic members tried to secure immediate action and were aided in this by the advice of one or two Republicans. There was a disposition, however, on the part of the other Republican members to leave the matter open for a week or so longer, and when a Republican Senator informed the committee that he had received additional charges against Mr. Fuller which he wished to investigate, the committee, by a party vote, decided to defer action on the nomination until to-day (Thursday) when it is thought the matter will be definitely disposed of.

GENERAL PHILIP H. SHERIDAN, Commander in chief of the armies of the United States who has been extremely ill the past week, and who was hovering between life and death for several days is reported better and hopes are now entertained for his ultimate recovery. His death was erroneously reported on Monday and cast a gloom over the whole country. Failure of the heart to perform its necessary work is the cause of his illness. Let us join in the universal prayer of the whole people of the United States that the life of "Little Phil" may be long spared to the service of his country.

ACCORDING to the report of the Department of Agriculture the present average rate of monthly wages for farm labor in the United States is $18 24 without board, and $12 36 with board. In Pennsylvania the average is $22 24 without board, and $14 30 with board. The wages paid for farm labor is therefore an accurate measure of the general earning of unskilled labor. This is probably the form of labor which exceeds all other, and upon which the trust tariff lays a constant burden on the necessaries of life, without any compensating advantage.

THE National House of Represenatives has passed an act for the establishment of a department of agriculture. This is eminently right and proper, and should have been done long ago. Three-fourths of the people of the United States are directly interested in agricultural pursuits and a properly conducted department for the dissemination of information relative to the growing of crops cannot fail to be of great benefit to that large class of people who are the mainstay of the republic.

ON Saturday last Governor Beaver appointed Thomas McCamant of Harrisburg, to the position of Auditor General. The new Auditor General is a native of Blair county, is 48 years old, has been chief clerk in the office for a number of years and he will doubtless be the regular nominee of the Republicans to succeed himself, as the Constitution simply prohibits the Auditor General being elected two successive terms. His present term will expire the first Monday in May, 1889.

EX GOV. CURTIN is very ill at his Washington residence. He was discovered last Tuesday night in an unconscious condition. His room was filled with gas, and it is believed the old war Governor in going to bed turned down the gas to a mere flame, and that it blew out during the night. The discovery was just in the nick of time. It is believed he will recover, notwithstanding his low state.

Here are the Figures, Judge for Yourself.

No argument in favor of our high tariff is so often used and so strenuously insisted upon as the one that it brings higher wages to labor. And up to the present time this claim has been largely accepted as true. The popular belief in this country has been that laborers here received much higher compensation for the same amount of work than they do in England; and high protectionists say it is entirely owing to the tariff. They shut their eyes and ears to every other cause, and claim it all for "protection."

Notwithstanding this belief, and the claim supporting it, we assert that labor does not receive any higher compensation in the protected industries of this country than it does for an equal amount of similar service in England. We do not mean by this to say that workmen do not receive more money for a week's work here than they do there, but to assert that for a given amount of work the English laborer gets as much money as does the American, and in some cases more.

Mr. West, a member of Congress from New York, has paper mills in that State and in England. Not many months ago he stated that he paid more money for the labor that produced a ton of paper in England than for the labor that produced a like amount in New York.

Mr. Howard Newhall in an article in Harper's Magazine in 1885 says the labor cost in a pair of ladies's shoes made in America, wholesaling at $1.50 per pair, is 25 cents, while the labor cost in a pair of ladies' shoes made in England, wholesaling at $1.50 per pair, is 34 cents; and that the labor cost in a pair of men's shoes made in America, wholesaling at $2.60 per pair, is 33 cents, while the labor cost in a pair of men's shoes made in England, wholesaling at $2.60, is 50 cents.

The following is the cost of weaving 58 yards of cotton cloth of a given kind at different points in the United States and England: At Ashton, England 24.68 cents; at Blackburn, Eng., 25.4 cents; at Providence, Rhode Island, 17.2 cents; at Stockport, Eng., 25.4 cents; at Fall River, Mass., 19.96 cents. In every instance the laborer receives more for the same amount of work in England than in the United States.

To produce 7 yards of print cloth it costs at Fall River, Mass., 6.907 cents; at Lowell, Mass., 6.882 cents; in Rhode Island, 6.422 cents; in Pennsylvania, 6.44 cents; in England, 6.96 cents; showing the laborer receives more money for the given amount of work in England than in the United States.

The labor cost of producing a ton of bar iron is $7.75 in England, and $8.00 in the United States.

These figures show clearly that in the industries receiving the highest protection under our tariff laws, the English laborer receives fully as much money for the same amount of work as does the American laborer, and in many cases more. If this be true, and it is absolutely true, what becomes of the claim that our tariff adds so largely to to the wages of the working man? It is a delusion and a falsehood.

But it will be asked, if the English laborer receives as much for the same amount of work as does the American, how is it that that the American has more for his week's labor? The answer is plain and simple: The American laborer works more hours each day, has the advantage of better methods and better machinery, and has the ability and disposition to do more work in the same length of time.

The Causes of Depression.

The monster surplus is a dead weight on the financial system of the country. The fear that the attempt to prevent its further growth may fail is the nightmare that frightens enterprise and paralyzes energy. Day by day and week by week the stagnation increases, as the obstructionists in Congress postpone relief.

In the manufacturing world similar baleful uncertainty prevails. The opposition to industrial emancipation through tax reform, hinders the inauguration of new business, and causes old establishments to work from hand to mouth with scant supplies, light stock and narrow profits.

For this condition of doubt and discomfort there is no other cause than the narrow partisan opposition of Republican Congressmen to a reduction of war burdens, the necessity of which was long since proclaimed by Republican conventions, Congressional leaders, Commissions and Presidents. But what the Republicans avowed it their duty to effect they are now trying to prevent the Democrats from accomplishing, on the ludicrous plea that during a Democratic Administration and in the face of a Democratic majority in the House of Representatives and in the country the high protective tariff should not be changed except on the motion and after the plan of the high protectionists.

It is upon this illogical and bigoted opposition alone that there rests the accountability for the uncertainty, backwardness and depression that prevail in our finances, commerce and productive industries. Happily the agreement of the Democratic Representatives on the details of the Tax Reform bill, by which all differences are accommodated without surrender of principle or substantial alteration in proposed retrenchment, renders certain the passage of that saving measure in spite of all obstructive efforts of the opposition. As far as the Democratic party is concerned, the duty of surplus reduction, tax reform and industrial emancipation will be thoroughly performed without delay. And then let the Republicans of the Senate take the responsibility of preventing relief to the country, if they dare.—*N. Y. Star.*

SILVER reached the lowest rate ever known last week, when the amount contained in a siver dollar only brought seventy and a half cents as bullion. The steady decline in the price of this metal in spite of the effort of the United States Mint to maintain its value by purchasing and coining about one-half the annual output of the country shows that it is utterly useless for this Government to attempt to sustain the price in the face of the refusal of all other leading financial nations to treat it as money. The experiment has been a long and costly one and no one has been benefited by it but the few silver producers. If it were proposed that the Government should purchase annually half the wheat, cotton, corn, wool, petroleum or coal of the country there would be a lively protest from all sources. But the silver kings are furnished a Government market to the exclusion of all other producers and they seem to be able to convince Congress that this discriminating folly should be perpetuated indefinitely. Whether the present large export of gold is the tegginning of the inevitable result of the effort to make seventy cents worth of silver pass for a dollar it is a little too early to determine. But that this result must follow a continuance of the present excessive silver coinage is as certain as that night follows day.

Don't Experiment.

You cannot afford to waste time in experimenting when your lungs are in danger. Consumption always seems, at first, only a cold. Do not permit any dealer to impose upon you with some cheap imitation of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, but be sure you get the genuine. Because he can make more profit he may tell you he has something just as good or the same. Don't be deceived, but insist upon getting Dr. King's New Discovery, which is guaranteed to give relief in all Throat, Lung, and Chest affections. Trial bottles free at E. James' drug store. Large bottles $1.

Hopeless Hoyt.

A Harrisburg special to the Pittsburg *Dispatch* says:

Ex-Governor Hoyt having been asked Saturday what he thought of the Presidential political situation, said the nomination of Blaine seemed inevitable, in view of the multiplicity of Republican candidates struggling for the Presidency. The party would take him as its standard-bearer because it was afraid to risk the running of any other man. As to the prospects of the Republican party for success, they were far from encouraging. The waving of the "bloody shirt" was the only scheme that could make victory possible for the Republican party. It had been tried often with good political results, and if shoved to the front in this campaign it would probably again lead to party triumph.

He had no idea it would be made the battle cry, as the party seemed to regard the tariff as the issue on which the Presidential fight should be made. He had very little faith in it. Neither party would be materially affected by it, as the subject had been so often discussed in previous campaigns without making much impression on the voter.

The position taken on the liquor question by the Republicans would greatly hurt them. New York had been made irreclaimably Democratic by the attitude of his party on the subject of high license and Prohibition. In the city he would not be surprised to see a majority at the Presidential election of 100,000 for the Democratic ticket. This largely increased majority would in a great measure be due to the interference of the Republicans with the traffic in liquor.

New Jersey would also go Democratic for similar reasons. Enough political changes would be made in the city of Newark alone to defeat the Republicans in the State, owing to the large German Republican population which would vote the Democratic ticket, on account of the high license and Prohibition legislation passed at the last session of the Legislature.

The Republicans would also sustain great losses in this State because of their attiude on the liquor question. The majority in Philadelphia in November would be greatly reduced, and ultimately Pennsylvania would be carried by the Democrats, on account of the mistaken political policy of the dominant party.

Governor Hoyt thinks Cleveland will be his own successor. He will probably not get as large an Independent Republican vote as he did four years ago, but many of the Irish voters, who supported Blaine in that campaign, will return to the Democratic fold. In the event of Blaine's nomination, many of this class of voters, the Governor says, will stand by the Maine man, but their number will not be sufficiently large to endanger any Democratic State.

The Republicans have a much better show of carrying the lower House of Congress than the Presidency. Cleveland is stronger than in 1884. He will get a large church vote, and the action of the Methodists on the Prohibition question will help him by swelling the Republican Prohibition vote. The Southern States, as usual, will all go Democratic, although the Republicans may gain a few Congressmen in that section of the Union.

SOME time ago when it was said that the Republicans of Braddock were about to organize a free trade club, the idea was laughed at but it appears that the idea is not so visionary as some would suppose. There is quite a feeling among leading Republicans here that the protection does not protect the people to the same extent it does the capitalists and they are in favor of having a readjustment of the tariff to suit the toilers. The idea as expressed by several members of the Carnegie Guards is that the cry of free trade has lost its terror to the mill men of Allegheny county who see in it only benefits to capitalists. Under the protection of a high tariff the mill owners build up large plants from which native toilers are excluded to make room for free trade in labor brought from all quarters of the world. The workmen here are in favor of a tariff that will operate not only in the interests of capitalists but will throw some kind of protection around the labor of the ones whose skill and work has made the big mill owners the wealthy class they are. If the workmen are to be taxed a high tariff on all they consume, eating up as it does their wages though ever so large, they claim that they should be protected against free trade in foreign labor, and until this is done it is safe to say that many Republicans will join hands with any party that seeks to remove a tax from which the workmen do not derive the benefit they should; and a tariff revision club composed of intelligent Republicans of Braddock is among the possibilities of the coming campaign.—*Braddock Sun.*

Act on the Mills Bill Now.

After a vote in the House on the Mills bill, if it shall not be defeated, the Republican majority in the Senate will have the opportunity of amending it. Both parties being pledged to tariff Revision, immediate action in the House would be a compliance with previous promises made to the people. It would also afford the opportunity to act upon other pressing legislation. There is no excuse for delay except partisan obstinacy grounded upon indifference to the public welfare.

The resolve of the Republican caucus to insist upon the immediate consideration of pension and education bills that propose to take three or four hundred millions of dollars out of the Treasury, while they refuse to push a measure of tax reduction, shows how completely that party is under the lash of Monopoly. They do not hope to carry either of the these schemes of expenditure to final success, for they know they would encounter the Presidential veto. Their attitude, therefore, is in dishonest disregard of their pledges to the people. The cunning appeal for the votes of pensioners who might profit by a raid upon the Treasury will not help the Republican party back into power. The people out of whose pockets the funds in the Treasury are drawn will put the proper estimate on the quality of leadership which in order to defeat a yearly tax reduction of $100,000,000 proposes to spend $400,000,000.—*Phila. Record.*

The Vice Presidency.

The assumption that the nomination of Ex Senator Thurman has been dictated by the President, is simply an absurdity. He has been suggested and pressed rather by those least in sympathy with Cleveland than by the special friends of the Administration, and his exceptional position in the party and before the country gives him high qualities of availability. His is the only nomination that would make Ohio a debatable State, while it would rally the Democratic Old Guard throughout the whole country.

The threatened complications in Indiana with Governor Gray as the candidate for Vice President; the like complications made by the opposing aims of Black and Morrison, in Illinois; the complacations which must confront either Cabinet Officer Vilas, Pension Commissioner Black or Assistant Postmaster General Stevenson, as officeholders under President Cleveland, naturally directed Democratic sentiment toward some one who towers above the storm of personal conflict and can command homage from all. That man is the veteran statesman and patriot of Ohio, whose integrity and usefulness in public life are among the most lustrous of the legacies of our modean statesship.—*Phila. Times.*

A Sound Legal Opinion.

E. Bainbridge Munday, Esq., County Attorney, Clay County, Texas, says: "Have used Electric Bitters with most happy results. My brother also was very low with Malarial Fever and Jaundice, but it was cured by timely application of this medicine. Am satisfied Electric Bitters saved his life."

Mr. D. I. Wilcoxson, of Horse Cave, Ky., adds a like testimonial, saying: He positively believes he would have died had it not been for Electric Bitters.

This great remedy will ward off as well as cure all Malarial Diseases, and for all Kidney, Liver and Stomach disorders stands unexcelled. Price 60cts and $1, at E. James' drug store.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—Rutter McFarron's son, at Elton, near Canton, O., was nearly stung to death by several hives of bees last saturday.

—Henry Black, a brother of ex-Lieutenant Governor Chauncey F. Black, died at Brockie near York, Pa., on Sunday.

—There were 331 divorce cases on the court calendar in Boston the other day, but it is explained that 326 of the parties were from Chicago.

—Mrs. Walsh, of Scranton, caught John C. Keegan on Monday after he had shot Mrs. Barrett twice, and she held him till an officer arrived.

—Major John Brua, a brother-in-law of Gen. Simon Cameron, died at Cressona, Schuylkill county, Saturday. His estate is valued at $200,000.

—Mary Whetstone, a domestic in the family of Theodore Parker, of Reederstown, disappeared on Friday last, taking with her $1200 in cash and jewelry.

—There is a couple in Wilkes county, Georgia, who have been married about 40 years, and during that time the wife has never asked the husband for any money except 10 cents.

—On April 3, while drunk, a young man named Thos. Carey, for amusement shot and killed a Chinaman in Chicago. On the 24th of May he received sentence—50 years imprisonment.

—A terrible electric storm burst over Dayton, O., on Sunday morning. Three houses were struck by lightning and one of them burned, a Sunday school was stampeded and the city was deluged.

—Joseph Scherer, of Albany, N. Y., who was insanely jealous of Lizzie McCarthy, went to the room occupied by the girl and shot her dead. He then shot himself, inflicting a wound from which he died a few hours later.

—A Bridgeport, Conn., man became impatient at his dog when he hesitated to go down stairs. The man in giving the dog a kick lost his balance, fell headlong and broke his neck. Probably it is just as well the dog's life was saved.

—Arthur Myers, the four year-old son of Hugh Myers, of No. 47 Chestnut street, Allegeny, had both legs crushed by a freight train at the railroad crossing on Chestnut street on Saturday afternoon. His father was engineer of the train.

—Mrs. Myers, of Shrewsbury township, near Hamestown, York county, died Saturday from injuries received at the burning of her husband's barn, a few days previous, which it is alleged, she herself set fire to in a fit of momentary insanity.

—A tooth which measured 10 inches in length, 15 inches in circumference and weighed 10 pounds, was taken from the bed of the Withlacoochee river in Citrus county, Florida, last week by William Bertine. He also found some leg bones.

—While digging under the ruins of the old Sands Street church, Brooklyn, workmen discovered a water-color painting of the original church structure that was burned many years ago. The painting measured 15 by 15 and was in a good state of preservation.

—Prince Henry, the second son of Emperor Fredrick, of Germany, and Princess Irene, the third daughter of Grand Duke Ludwig, of Hesse, were married on May 24th. The bride and bridegroom are first cousins, and grand children of Queen Victoria, of England.

—Albert Muth, aged 14 years, son of a wealthy farmer near Stochsburg, Penna., on Wednesday evening threw a stone, which struck one of his father's cows on the leg and broke it. Fearing a whipping, the boy went home and blew the top of his head off with a pistol.

—During divine service at Mt. Zion church near Sycamore, Wyandott county, Ohio, on Sunday, lightning struck the building, knocking the preacher down and out of the pulpit, and severely injuring a number of the congregation. Several horses hitched outside were killed.

—Peter Burke's wife and daughter, of Erie, on Saturday were poisoned and are lying at the point of death by eating cabbage in the form of cold slaw. The paris green had been put on the cabbage by the grower of it to preserve it, and the consumer got the benefit of the deadly drug.

—In the public school at Bloomfield, Essex county, New Jersey, on Friday, the ceiling in one of the rooms fell. A panic ensued and a number of children were injured. Lizzie Murphy and Annie Andrews, aged 9 years, were badly injured about the head and are in a critical condition.

—Barclay W. Peak who has stoutly maintained from the first that he was innocent of the murder of Kate Anderson, at Mt. Holly, N. J., on Saturday created quite a sansation in court by pleading guilty. This is the second trial for the crime, and, but for himself, it is thought he would not have been convicted.

—William H. Gore, who so nearly died from a rattlesnake bite received at Alpine, N. J., on May 12, is warm in his praise of the whiskey used at the Manhattan Hospital. The doctors kept him intoxicated for a number of days. Says Gore: "I have been on as long a drunk before, but never on such good whiskey."

—Weather prophets will be interested in learning that one of the exhibits at the Jubilee Flower Show in Vienna was a tropical plant belonging to the order of Mimosa, the owner of which claims to be able to foretell storms and earthquakes 48 hours in advance by observing the appearance and position of the most sensitive leaves of the plant.

—An interesting report of the death of a native was recently made by a Coroner's jury in India. The native had had the misfortune to meet a tiger, and the report says: "Pandu died of the tiger eating him. There was no other cause of death. Nothing was left of Pandu save some fingers, which probably belonged either to the right or left hand."

—Judge Elwell, of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, has sent in his resignation to the Governor, to take effect July 31st. He has been President Judge of the Twenty-sixth District since January, 1863, and is in the middle of the third term. His defective hearing is the cause of his resignation. H. M. Hinckley, of Danville, in his probable successer by appointment.

—The dead body of Edward Burbank, night depot-switchman on the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio Railroad at Meadville, was found on the main track in the depot on Saturday night. He had been struck by a backing engine and was mangled beyond recognition. Portions of the remains were strewn along the track for fifteen hundred feet. Deceased leaves a widow and one child.

—The largest umbrella in the world has been made in Glasgow for a King of East Africa. It can be open and shut in the usual way, and when opened is 21 feet in diameter, the staff is also 21 feet long. It is lined with with cardinal red and white, has a lot of straw tassels, and a border of crimson satin. The canopy itself is made of Italian straw, and the top terminates in a gilded cone.

—Mollie Garfield daughter of the late President Garfield has set the wedding day. It is June 14, and her late father's private secretary, J. Stanley Brown writes he will commence life then. The ceremony will be will be a double one, as one of the Garfield boys will marry a Miss Maxon on the same date. The cards are not out yet, but invitations will only be extended to near friends. A special train will run from Cleveland to Mentor, starting at 9 o'clock in the evening.

GO TO GEIS, FOSTER & QUINN'S

No. 113 Clinton St., Johnstown, Pa.,

FOR BRUSSELS, VELVET, WOOL AND RAG CARPET, LINOLEUM, LACE CURTAINS, RUGS AND STAIR PADS. HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY GOODS AND MILLINERY.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of sundry writs of *Fieri Facias* and *Venditioni Exponas* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House in Ebensburg, on

MONDAY, JUNE 4, 1888,

AT 1 O'CLOCK P. M.,

the following real estate to wit:

All the right, title, and interest of J. R. Litzinger of in, and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situated in Clearfield township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, viz: Adjourning lands of James, John and Michael McDermitt on the east, south and west, having the Conner tract on the north, containing one hundred (100) acres more or less, about seventy (70) of which are cleared, having thereon erected a log house and log barn. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of B. W. Litzinger and Eugene Litzinger, administrator of Wm. Litzinger, deceased.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Frank Burgoon of, in and to all that certain lot of ground situated in the borough of Ashville, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Main street and extending back one hundred (100) feet, more or less, to an alley, having thereon erected a two story frame house and other outbuildings, being the same lot of ground which Joseph Trexler and wife by deed dated March 5th, 1886, and recorded in Vol. 95, page 486, conveyed to A. E. Art. Burgoon, now in the occupancy of Frank Burgoon. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Frederick Erer.

Also, all the right, title, and interest of Patt Connell of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situated in East Taylor township, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the Ebensburg and Johnstown road on the west and running back to an alley on the east, adjoining lot of Thomas McGovern on the south and Rodger McAnally on the north, containing one acre, having thereon erected a two-story plank house and other outbuildings, now in the occupancy of Patt Connell. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Commissioners of Cambria county.

Also, all the right, title, and interest of John Reese and Elizabeth Reese of in and to all that certain tract of land situated in Blacklick township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Isaac Michaels on the east, Jefferson Rowland on the north, Elias Rowland on the west and others, containing fifty (50) acres, more or less, about — acres cleared, having thereon erected a one and a half story log house, now in the occupancy of John Reese. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of use of Jefferson Rowland.

Also, all the right, title, and interest of Abraham DeHaven of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situated in Susquehanna township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, viz: On the west by lands of James Anderson and on the north by lands of Wm. Keith and Anthony Rager, on the south by lands of Mrs. Shultz and on the east by lands of Gray & Wyland. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Peter Garman.

Also, all the right, title, and interest of F. M. Flanagan of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situated in Clearfield township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a post at a corner of Anthony Swoyers and John Conohans, thence by said Conohan land 90 degrees west 150 perches, more or less, to a post, thence south one degree west 106½ perches, more or less, to a post, thence south 89 degrees east 150 perches, more or less, to a pine, thence by Anthony Swoyer's land, north one degree east 106½ perches, more or less, to the place of beginning, containing one hundred (100) acres, more or less, and the usual allowances.

Also, all the right, title, and interest of F. M. Flanagan of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situated in Clearfield township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a post at corner of Patrick Watson's land, thence north 89 degrees west 150 perches, more or less, to a post, thence south one degree west 106½ perches to a post, thence by Daniel Conahan's land south 89 degrees east 150 perches to a post, thence by land of Swoyers and Hershcys north one degree east 106½ perches, more or less, to a post, the place of beginning, containing one hundred (100) acres and allowance. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of D. Fleming, Jr., cashier.

☞TERMS OF SALE: One-third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down and the remaining two-thirds on the confirmation of the deed.

JOSEPH A. GRAY, Sheriff.

Ebensburg, May 11th, 1888.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Mansion House in Johnstown, on

FRIDAY, JUNE 9, 1888,

AT 1 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

the following real estate to wit:

All the right, title, and interest of Ed. L. Shaffer of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situated in Upper Yoder township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a Spanish oak at the land of Jacob W. Ream, thence by same north 53 degrees east 56 and 8-10 perches to a post at the public road, thence by same north 21 degrees west 17 perches to a post; north 20½ degrees west 26 perches north 18 degrees west 30 and 3-10 perches to a post a corner of land of William Ream, thence by same south 66 degrees west 75 and 6-10 perches to a post, thence by land of the Cambria and Clearfield Company south 40 degrees east 82 perches to the place of beginning, containing 29 acres and 97 perches, all cleared. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of use James O'Connor.

TERMS OF SALE: One-third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down and the remaining two-thirds on the confirmation of the deed.

JOSEPH A. GRAY, Sheriff.

Ebensburg, May 11, 1888.

Register's Notice.

The following accounts have been examined and passed by me and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of heirs, legatees, creditors, and all others interested and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Cambria County for confirmation and allowance on Wednesday, June 6th, A. D., 1888:

No. 1. First and final account of Jno. F. Linton and T. F. Zimmerman, executors of the last will and testament of Christian Myers, late of Adams township, deceased.

No. 2. Sixth account of John F. Linton and Samuel Bheam, surviving executors of Geo. Bheam, late of Lower Yoder township, deceased.

No. 3. First and final account of Emanuel Ritchey, administrator of Jno. Ritchey, late of Johnstown borough, deceased.

No. 4. First and final account of Jno. F. Tibbett and Alvin Evans, two of the administrators of Thos. J. Lloyd, late of Ebensburg borough, deceased.

No. 5. First and final account of Eliza Sheehan, administratrix of John Sheehan, late of White township, deceased.

No. 6. First and final account of Mary Ann Kelly, administratrix of Charles Kelly, late of Conemaugh borough, deceased.

No. 7. First and final account of Eliza Jane Durbin, administratrix of James T. Durbin, late of Munster township, deceased.

No. 8. Second and final account of George Myers, guardian of Henry McGuire, son of Mark McGuire, late of Clearfield township, deceased.

No. 9. First and final account of Eliza Jane Durbin, administratrix of James T. Durbin, who was one of the executors of Augustine Durbin, late of Munster township, deceased.

No. 10. First and final account of Leo Wess, executor of Joseph Brickner, late of Croyle township, deceased.

No. 11. First and final account of Samuel Reed, executor of Ann Elizabeth Bracken, late of Blacklick township, deceased.

No. 12. First and final account of Eugene Litzinger and W. B. Litzinger, administrators of Wm. Litzinger, deceased, who was administrator of John Maley, deceased.

No. 13. Final account of John J. Good, executor of John Stemer, deceased.

No. 14 First and final account of Hiram McGuire, administrator of Wm. J. McGuire, late of Clearfield township, deceased.

No. 15. First and partial account of Hiram McGuire, acting executor of Patrick McGuire, late of Clearfield township, deceased.

No. 16. First and final account of Joseph Limbacher and Martin Hornick, executors of Marcin Hornick, late of Richland township, deceased.

No. 17. First and partial account of Irwin Horrell, guardian of Bertha Walls, minor child of Francis Walls, deceased.

No. 18. First and final account of Thomas G. Davis, executor of the last will and testament of Mary Davis, late of Blacklick township, deceased.

CELESTINE J. BLAIR,
Register.

Ebensburg, May 7th, 1888.

What Medical Men Say.

Superintendents of Hospitals and the Faculty in general have, over their own signatures, endorsed, for purity, age and quality, the now well-known stimulant,

KLEIN'S SILVER AGE,

The price is within the reach of most anyone, being only $1.50 for a full quart. You can also get the following well-known brands, never less than six years old: Finch's, Gibson's or Guckenheimers. Full quarts, $1 each, or six quarts for $5, neatly packed and sent anywhere. Send the money, that I may ship to you direct and obedient to all laws. Address

MAX KLEIN,
Dealer in Rye Whiskies,
Allegheny, Pa.

May 11, '88, 1 yr.

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WATCHMAKER & JEWELER

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Celebrated Rockford WATCHES.

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LARGE SELECTION OF ALL GRADES of JEWELRY always on hand.

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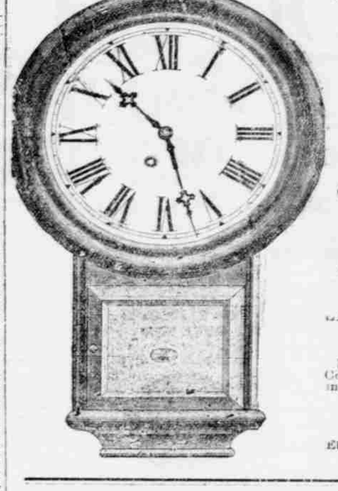
Ebensburg, Nov. 11, 1885-tf.



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FREE TRIAL PACKAGE. FOR MEN ONLY. HARRIS SEMINAL PASTILLES. NERVOUS DEBILITY CURED. VIGOROUS HEALTH.

Over Two

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - - JUNE 1, 1888.

BY far the Finest Line of Dress Goods in Plain and Fancy Checks ever shown in Altoona are now being sold by Gable & Co. for 12½c. a yd.

GABLE & CO.'S ONE-PRICE STORE.

OUR Own Special Weave of Wool Henriettas (will not pull apart in the thread as many do) for 75c. a yard is a Genuine Bargains for you.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

—Go to the primary election on Saturday.

—Court adjourned to-day (Thursday) at noon.

—F. M. George, Esq., of Lilly, was in town on Monday.

—Dr. Troxell, of Gallitzin, was attending court in this place this week.

—Mr. Jessee Boisinger is on the sick list with neuralgia of the stomach.

—Editor Creery, of the Carrolltown *News*, was in town on Wednesday afternoon.

—New goods, latest spring and summer styles, at McDonald's store, Loretto,

—James M. Singer, Esq., of Jackson township, dropped into see us on Saturday last.

—John H. Fiske, Esq., of White township, was in town this week attending court.

—Professor Gant, Ebensburg's tonsorial artist moved into his new barber shop to-day.

—Bedford is building a new public school building which will cost when completed $20,000.

—Ex-Congressman Jacob M. Campbell is seriously ill with pneumonia at his home in Johnstown.

—Charlie Wharton, of Chest Springs, was bobbing around among his acquaintances in this place on Monday.

—Mr. Michael Berry, a well-known citizen of Wilmore, died at his home in that place on Sunday last, aged about 60 years.

—At a lawn fete for the benefit of the Ebensburg Cadets, on Wednesday evening, the sum of $57.00 was added to the treasury.

—A picnic was held at Delaney, on Wednesday last for the benefit of the new Catholic church which is about being built at that place.

—Mr. T. B. O'Hara, of the livery firm of O'Hara Bro.'s will move to Cresson on Monday next, to take charge of their livery at that place.

—Miss Lucy Bender, of St. Augustine, is visiting friends in Bedford, and intends visiting Cleveland, Ohio and other places before returning home.

—There are no less than twelve Republican gentlemen in Blair county who are willing and anxious to serve the people in the official capacity of sheriff.

—On Monday last lightning struck a stable in Altoona, belonging to H. K. Filter, setting it on fire and damaging it so badly that it will have to be rebuilt.

—Messrs. Augustine Sharbaugh and Philip J. Dietrick two of Carrolltown's most progressive business men were among the visitors to our town on Tuesday.

—On Monday last at the State Department at Harrisburg a charter was granted to the Keystone building and loan association of Johnstown; capital, $1,000,000.

—Mrs. Jane Somerville, mother of Mr. John Sommerville, of Susquehanna township, died at the residence of her daughter in Cherrytree on Sunday last, aged 72 years,

—J. M. Jardine was struck by an engine at Johnstown on Tuesday night and received injuries that will likely prove fatal. He was brought to the almshouse on Wednesday.

—Rupture cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 831 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. Ease at once, no operation or delay from business, attested by thousands of cures after others fail.

—A Mifflin county woman recently killed a blacksnake which measured four feet, six inches in length. It was opened and found to contain a house snake two feet, eight inches long.

—A game of base ball was played in this place on Wednesday between the St. Augustine club and the Ebensburg club, resulting in a victory for the latter by a score of 12 to 8.

—The assignee's sale of the real estate of Joseph Gutwald on Saturday last was adjourned until Saturday, June 2nd, at one o'clock, when it will be knocked down to the highest bidder.

—Dr. L. D. Hoffman, formerly a resident of this place, but now a citizen of Delmont, Westmoreland county, spent a few days in town during the present week in attendance at court as a witness.

—While Adam Billow and wife, of Howe township, Perry county, were waiting on a sick father, some wretch burned down his stable. His dwelling and outbuildings were saved with difficulty.

—Jacob Liddick told another Perry county boy named Peters to hold up his leg while he shot under it with his revolver. The result was that Peters had to have the bullet taken out of his leg.

—WOOL! WOOL!—Wanted at McDonald's store, Loretto, Pa. The highest price allowed. Part cash paid if desired, or woolen goods, Kentucky jeans and misses' and ladies' shoes at cost in exchange.

—An unfurnished house of seven rooms in the east ward, Ebensburg, will be ready for occupancy and for rent by the 15th of June next, will be rented for the summer or for a term of years. For particulars apply to Henry Byrne, Ebensburg, Pa.

—Wanted at McDonald's store in Loretto, Pa., 5000 lbs. of clean dry wool; 1000 bushels of good potatoes; 500 bushels of hand picked beans; also butter, eggs, dried apples, and all other kinds of country produce, for which the highest prices will be paid.

—Mr. Michael McBride, one of the candidates for the nomination for sheriff at the Democratic primaries, in a card published in another column, withdraws from the the contest, thus leaving the race open to Messrs. Kinney, Langbein and McClelland.

—We have a speedy and positive Cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth, and Headache, in Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. A Nasal Injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath. Price 50 cents. Sold by Dr. T. J. Davison.

—An unknown man was struck and instantly killed by the engine of the Altoona Express on Saturday morning about a quarter of a mile east of the viaduct. He was about 30 years of age, wore Kentucky jean pants, checkered shirt, and grey cloth sack coat. There was no clue to his identity.

—President Judge Furst, of Bellefonte, is presiding in our Court during the present week. Judge Furst holds the judicial reins with a steady hand, presides with dignity, has created a favorable impression on our people, and is highly regarded by the members of the bar as a learned and able jurist.

—County Commissioners' clerk, Dan. McGough, will make application for a license—marriage license—in a few days. At least the bans were published in the Catholic Church in this place on Sunday last between Daniel McGough, of this place and Miss Hattie Eberly, of Munster township.

—Mr. A. C. Boslet will offer at public sale at the Cambria House, in this place, on Saturday, June 2d, 1888, at 2 o'clock, P. M., 52 acres of land in Carroll township, about 20 acres of which are cleared, and the balance well timbered, adjoining land of Mrs. Bennett, Adam Shettig and others.

—John Peters had the contract to oversee a shanty at Jack's mountain for a party from Snyder county. While making his rounds to investigate if things were all right, he was surprised to meet a large bear, which took his leave by passing through the door way. He was helping himself to the bread and other eatables.—*Lewistown Gazette.*

—Tyrone was visited by a disastrous conflagration early on last Sunday morning and for a time the entire town was threatened with destruction. The fire was, however, finally got under control but not until an entire block was consumed involving a loss which aggregates $33,000, on which there is an insurance of $23,300. The fire is supposed to have been incendiary.

—It is said that certain lightning-rod men are around with their "agreements" which they get farmers and others to sign, and which afterwards turn out to be notes, which these fellows take to the banks and have discounted or else hold them until due and then compel the unsuspicious signers to pay them in full. All persons should be on their guard against such swindlers.

—Rev. Father Gibson, who came here a couple of months ago for the benefit of his health and has been stopping with Mr. J. D. Parrish, of this place, is dangerously ill and and owing to his advanced age, but little hopes are had for his ultimate recovery. Father Gibson is a brother of Mrs. General McDonald of this place, and was pastor of the Catholic congregation here over forty years ago.

—Clark Smith, a citizen of Bellwood, Blair county and a brakeman on the Jefferson and Clearfield Railroad, was instantly killed on Monday afternoon at 5 o'clock, near Claysville on that road. A tree had fallen across the track and the engine was pushing the two passenger cars up the track. They run into the tree, throwing the two cars off and in the jam he was crushed to death.

—A disastrous fire occurred at Bellefonte at an early hour on Monday morning, and before the flames could be subdued entailed a loss of $75,000. The fire originated in a large brick building occupied by the First National Bank, postoffice and six store rooms and the building was totally destroyed. The building was situated in the centre of the town and the fire is supposed to have been caused by lightning.

—Bargains at McDonald's store, Loretto Pa. Sugars, 6, 7, 8 and 9 cents per lb.; coffee 15 and 23 cents per lb.; rice 8 cts. per lb. barley 6 cts. per lb.; oat meal 5 cts. per lb. flour 1.00 per sack; salt 1.25 per barrel; ginghams 8 cts. per yard; shirtings 8 cts. per yard; Kentucky jeans 12 cts per yard; fancy dress goods 5, 8, 10 and 12 cts. per yard, childrens, misses and ladies shoes at cost for spot cash or trade.

—Two Morman missionaries spent several days of last week on Laurel Hill, in Jackson township, where it is said there resides one of their desciples, who, for a number of years has been without the comforting presence of a fellow believer. After giving him a benefit of several days they came to this place and after skirmishing around on the hunt of a man whom they had been wrongly informed was a believer in their doctrines and finding their mistake, they left in disgust wending their way eastward.

—The long and stubborn strike of the puddlers at the rolling mills of McLanahan, Smith & Co., and the Hollidaysburg Iron Company at Hollidaysburg has resulted in a victory for the firms. The strike was officially declared off on Saturday by the Juniata Assembly of Knights of Labor, of that place. The puddlers demanded $4 a ton and the Philadelphia scale, but have agreed to accept the companies' offer of $3.75 a ton and the Harrisburg scale. The strike has been on for eight weeks, and affected 700 men. The mills will start up this week with all their old men.

—A terrific explosion occurred at Johnstown about 10 o'clock on last Sunday morning, at the "blow house" of the Bessemer Steel Works, caused by accumulated gas in an iron pipe four feet in diameter and three hundred feet long, used to convey the blow to the six cupolas in the steel works. The building was torn to pieces and several buildings in the neighborhood badly shattered. No person was seriously injured, although several made very narrow escapes. The loss is estimated at over $25,000 and work will be suspended on account of the accident for several days.

—Section 371 of the Act approved January 20, 1888, thus defines what is permissible writing or printing upon or with fourth-class mail matter: "With a package of fourth-class matter prepaid at the proper rate for that class, the sender may inclose any mailable third class matter, and may write upon the wrapper or cover thereof, or tag or lable accompanying the same, his name, occupation, residence or business address, preceded by the word 'from' and any marks, numbers, name or letters for the purpose of description, or may print the same, and any printed matter not in the nature of a personal correspondence, but there must be left on the address side or face of the package a space for a legible address.

—The Cherrytree *Record* speaking of the well being drilled at that place says: "Gas was struck on Monday of last week and seemed to be very encouraging for a day or two, but at this writing has nearly all diminished and will not be of any value unless torpedoed, and it is not likely the company will go to that expense. A black stuff resembling oil has been struck but there is not a particle of oil about it although it excited the people. The well has been drilled about 300 feet since the gas was struck and is now down about 1600 feet with a large amount of salt water. The sand the gas was found in, in the Punxsutawney well will be struck in this well at 2700 feet and we still have little hopes. The news of last week were too good to be true.

—On last Saturday morning Master Ed. Luther, aged about eighteen, son of Mr. Silas Lutner, of this place, who occasionally drops into the FREEMAN office, and while in generally tries to make himself useful in assisting at whatever is being done dropped in, and seeing Harry Hasson at the press running off some hand bills, commenced helping him. He had been working but a short time when he thoughtlessly laid the thumb of his left hand on the track of the press and in an instant the heavy iron cylender, weighing eleven hundred pounds, passed over it cutting the point off at the root of the nail. He went at once to Dr. Davison's office and had it dressed, and, strange as it may seem, suffered but little pain at the time, but he will have a very sore thumb for some time to come. It was one of those unavoidable accidents that some times will occur and we are sorry that it happened to Ed.

—The Amateur Opera Company realized $95.85 from their entertainment on Tuesday evening.

—The following named persons can each obtain a letter by calling at the Ebensburg postoffice: Miss Emma Roser, Mrs. McIntyre, Hon. Judge Bowington. Insufficient address, Mr. William Skelley, Box 112, Cambria Co., Pa. Parties calling for these letters will please state they were advertised.

—The Ebensburg Amatuer Opera Company played the "Mikado" to a large and delighted audience at the Opera House in this place on Tuesday night. The entertainment demonstrates that we have home talent in that line of a high order and nothing but the fear of raising a blush on the cheek of one of our "jours" prevents us from giving in detail the many excellent points of the performance.

—Last Monday's Pittsburg *Dispatch* contained the following dispatch from Altoona which we hope may prove correct: "A syndicate of capitalists closed the purchase of 10,000 acres of coal land located in Black Lick field, Cambria county, yesterday, and will proceed to develop it at once. The price paid was $12 an acre, and is the heaviest sale in years. Iron ore and fire clay abound on the land in large quantities. This rich mineral district is accounted the most desirable in the Middle Western Pennsylvania's soft coal field. It is stated that 1,500 coke ovens will be established within two miles of Ebensburg.

—Yesterday (Sunday) evening about 5 o'clock a boy and a young man named Axmacher started from Cambria to cross the Conemaugh River on horseback at the old fording just below the toll bridge. The boy's horse stumbled and fell when in midstream, and the boy clung to the animal's head and neck as both were carried down stream on the swift current. Axmacher sat unmoved upon his horse, looking at the perilous situation of his companion, until somebody called to him: "Get off that horse and save that boy's life." He then dismounted and made for the struggling lad and horse, but before he reached them the horse had regained his feet with the boy still clinging to his neck, Axmacher, upon reaching the boy, assisted him to mount and all then started ashore, arriving there without further trouble. A young man named James Ford, who was on the Cambria side of the river, had partially disrobed and entered the stream to rescue the boy when the horse got on his feet. Ford's best girl witnessed his heroism and smiled graciously upon him when he returned, all dripping, to her side. The banks of the river were lined with people and great excitement prevailed.—*Johnstown Tribune.*

—A terrific wind and hail storm struck Huntingdon on Monday last about half-past two o'clock p. m., which lasted for half an hour and done considerable damage. Rain and hail came in torrents until the streets flowed full of water, and becoming altogether impassable during the prevalence of the storm. The hail increased in size until many pieces were gathered measuring from 6¼ to 9½ inches in circumference, the strangest thing about it being that the large pieces only began to fall as the rain was abating. In appearance they were several large hail stones frozen together, which came with such force as to drive away every living thing from out its way. Teamsters were compelled to drive their teams under awnings for protection. Large shade trees were broken down in the streets, many windows were broken in, sky-lights suffering more particularly. A new dwelling owned by Captain Beverly Hatch, which had been built on posts was lifted from its foundation and wrecked. The inmates barely escaped with their lives. All the small streams were swollen so rapidly and raised to such a height as to surround many houses with water, driving the inmates to the second stories. Cellars were flooded, telegraph poles washed out and lines crossed and broken. Fences were thrown down and gardens and fruit trees were destroyed.

Loretto Literary Lyceum.

The Loretto Literary Lyceum met on last Friday evening, as usual, and was called to order promptly at half past seven by the chairman. After the reading and adoption of the minutes of the previous meeting, the regular program was taken up. Most of the performers rendered their exercises well. A few of them might have been better prepared, and should have been previously rehearsed, but as a whole they did exceedingly well considering the fact that this is the first Lyceum ever attempted at Loretto.

The exercises were of a pleasing and instructive nature, and those taking part deserve especial credit. The music previously prepared was well rendered and gladly received.

Not the least enjoyable feature of the evening was the pleasant serenade tendered the Lyceum by the Loretto Brass Band. Boys please accept our thanks and come again.

The large crowds that attend the meetings are indicative of the general interest taken in our school work. Long live the Loretto Normal.

Memorial Day.

Memorial Day was celebrated in this place in accordance with the program published last week, and the weather, that looked threatening in the morning, seemed to respond to the wishes of the large crowd of people that had assembled in town and was all that could be wished for.

The address of Hon. John P. Elkin, of Indianna, delivered in front of the Court House, was an able, eloquent and touching tribute to the memory of the dead heroes who peacefully repose in our several cemeteries.

The following is a list of the soldiers whose graves were decorated and whose ashes repose in the cemeteries named:

LLOYD CEMETERY.

David J. James,	John O. Evans,
William Mills,	David H. Evans,
George W. Davis,	Charles Heyer,
Wm. R. Humphreys,	Adam Shanefelt,
Griffith Evans,	Thomas Todd,
Evan R. Davis,	David Powell,
Joseph Jones, Conway,	Edward Evans,
Hugh Jones,	W. R. Roberts,
Peter Linton,	Thomas J. Evans,
John Libby,	Thomas J. Lloyd,
Lemuel Evans,	Thomas B. Moore,
James Roberts,	James A. Littlefield,
Daniel T. Jones,	David L. Evans,
W. D. Davis,	David S. Davis,
Jeremiah Evans,	J. D. Henderson,
Benjamin Williams,	D. O. Evans,
Thomas R. Evans,	Joseph Pugh,
Samuel Henry,	William Griffith,
John Pugh,	George H. Brown,
Benjamin Lloyd,	Geo. W. Oatman,

CATHOLIC CEMETERY.

Rev. R. C. Christy,	James C. Noon,
James Litzinger,	Jackson Litzinger,
Thomas Litzinger,	Mack Edelbiute,
F. P. Tierney,	James Murray,
John E. Scanlan,	Wm. Mills,
Stephen Chase,	Jeremiah Fagan,
John Lambaugh,	Andrew Weible,
	John Porter.

CONGREGATIONAL CEMETERY.

Edward Davis,	Milton Roberts,
David Evans,	Thomas O. Evans.
Richard R. Lewis,	George Todd,

Loretto Items.

LORETTO, PA., May 29th, 1888.

ED. FREEMAN.—It is with regret we notice that Loretto is but seldom heard from through your columns, though no doubt the scarcity of any local news of interest may account for it, to a certain extent.

The Normal School now being so ably conducted in this place by Prof. Smith, is meeting with well deserved encouragement. Mr. Smith is winning the good opinion of all who become acquainted with him, by his gentlemanly and unassuming bearing.

The Literary Association in connection with the school is in successful operation, and many of the young ladies give evidence of literary attainments of a high order.

St. Michael's Cornet Band promises to become a first class musical organization. We hope the band boys will give the public the benefit of their music oftener in the future than they have heretofore. PAUL.

Items from Lilly.

LILLY, Pa., May 30th, 1888.

ED. FREEMAN.—Mr. Will Troxell, with his friend Mr. Gibson, of Gallitzin, paid our town a visit on Sunday last. Call again gentlemen.

Mr. Bazil Bender, one of our esteemed and upright citizens, departed this life on Saturday, May 26th, 1888, aged about 62 years. Mr. Bender emigrated about 35 years ago from Germany, and was married about 2 years after, his wife bearing him eight children. Two girls (twins) are dead. Six sons survive him. He was a hard working man all his life up to within a couple years of his death. He was an exemplary christian, a kind and good neighbor and had a kind word from every one who knew him. He has one brother living here, Gebhart Bender, I suppose the only relative in this country.

G. R. McIntosh has associated himself with Henry Ehrenfeld and embarked in the soap business.

My best girl is getting a new hat, a large show is coming to visit our town June 5th you know.

Wet weather has prevented the farmers from planting corn and potatoes. The season is a late one compared with others.

X.

Court Proceedings.

Court met on Monday at 2 o'clock P. M., and adjourned until 9 o'clock on Tuesday morning to await the arrival of Judge Furst, of Bellefonte, who was to preside.

The case of James Condron et al. vs. James McDermitt et al. was continued.

In the case of Rebecca Glass et al. vs. the Pennsylvania railroad. The plaintiffs become non suit.

Susan Gallagher et al. vs. Joseph F. Durbin. Ejectment. Jury find for the plaintiff the land described in the writ. New trial applied for to be heard by Judge Furst on Tuesday, June 26th, with some other cases.

Assignees of N. J. Freidhoff vs. Joseph Gutwald. Jury find for the defendant.

Assignees of N. J. Freidhoff vs. Joseph Gutwald. Jury find for the plaintiff the sum of $350.09.

J. C. Gates et al. vs. A. H. Fiske & Co.'s et al. Continued at costs of plaintiff and to be set down for trial at September term.

Joseph Miller vs. Adam J. Stoltz et al. Continued by consent.

The Merits of the Vestibule Car.

Speaking of the injunction in favor of the Pullman Company, restraining the Wagner people from the use of the vestibule attachment, a prominent railroad man said the other day: "The vestibule attachment is one of the most important improvements of the age toward the perfection of absolute comfort in passenger car construction. Several years ago, when the dining car was introduced and the practice of preparing and serving meals on railway trains inaugurated, it was found that timid people, especially ladies and invalids, experienced great difficulty in passing from their seats in the sleeper to the dining car when the train was running at a high rate of speed. The open platforms between the cars formed a gulf over which they feared to attempt passage in fine weather and which in wind or storm, or both, was impassable to people with delicate constitutions. If the dining car system was to be a success, this objection must be overcome, and the Pullman people set themselves the task of bridging the chasm. In order to accomplish this end they evolved and developed the idea of the vestibule, and in bringing it into successful usage the railway companies, as well as their patrons, find that the original difficulty has not only been completely overcome, but that a great many other marked advantages have been secured in the introduction of the vestibule. One striking feature is the additional strength created and distributed over the entire train by the close fitting of the coaches to one another and the consequently increased power to withstand the shock of a collision. Telescoping is hardly possible in a well-equipped vestibule train, from the simple fact that the steel frames arrest the force which would drive one car into another. The steadier motion with which the closely-united factors of the train are endowed will be readily recognized as a most beneficial result. This steadiness is noticeable at once, and particularly to the occupants of upper berths or those who, having tried to read or write in the ordinary car, undertake to do so in a vestibule train. The vestibules, beside protecting the passengers in passing from end to end of the train, serve the purpose of storm doors to a residence, and prevent the sudden draft which the opening of an ordinary car door always creates. Another feature, which is prominent from a social standpoint, is the deadening of the noise made by the rapid revolution of the wheels over the rails, so that conversation may be carried on without in any way straining the voice.

"The constructors of these cars 'builded wiser than they knew,' and succeeded in abolishing many of the petty annoyances which beset the railway traveler, even on the best equipped roads."

"These cars," he continued, "are as far superior to the ordinary coach as the Pullman is to the old-fashioned passenger car. They enhance in a great degree the pleasure and comfort of travel, and, as the learned judge remarked in the decision above referred to, they must have proved a startling and successful innovation or a competing company would not have been so prompt in imitating them. The Pennsylvania's New York and Chicago Limited Express was the pioneer vestibule train, and the enormous popularity it has won is the best evidence of public appreciation of its merits."—*New York Times.*

My Boy

(three years old) was recently taken with cold in the head. It seemed finally to settle in his nose, which was stopped up for days and nights so that it was difficult for him to breathe and sleep. I called a physician who prescribed, but did him no good. Finally I went to the drug store and got a bottle of Ely's Cream Balm. It seemed to work like magic. The boy's nose was clear in two days, and he has been all right ever since.—E. J. Hazzard, New York.

Information for Teachers.

Examinations for professional certificates will begin early in July.

Dates and places will be announced later.

The following suggestions are offered:

Orthography will include spelling, pronunciation, (diacritical marks), definition or use of words and *methods.*

Reading.—Principles of Elocution, exercises in reading, a knowledge of authors and methods.

Language and Grammar.—Development of langnage, composition, correction of false syntax and analysis or diagraming of sentences.

Geography.—Applicants should have a knowledge of "sand modeling" and map drawing as well as of Political, Physical and Mathematical Geography.

Arithmetic.—Written and *mental.* Each applicant will be given an opportunity to solve some questions orally and should be prepared to discuss *number developement* by the Grube system or some other good method.

Htstory.—Applicants be acquainted with passing and present events and have some knowledge of the constitution besides the usual information found in text books.

Phisiology and Hygiene,—More attention will be paid to this branch this year than formerly as all live teachers have greatly increased their knowledge of this subject. Special attention will be given to the laws of Hygiene and the effects of stimulants and narcotics.

The examination for professional certificates will be held before the examinations for provisionals.

Applicants should be prepared to pass a thorough examination in all the common branches, School government, Methods, Mental Philosophy and Elements of Algebra.

They should have a knowledge of how to Develop numbers, Sand modelling and drawing, and be able, if called upon, to illustrate by outlining the continents in sand; also, be able to discuss Industrial Education.

Professional certificates should be given to none but earnest, successful, and conscientious teachers, who show by their work that they are abreast with the times. Every popular is not a successful nor every unpopular an unsuccessful teacher.

Applicants whose school-room work and character the Superintendent is not familiar with should present a recommendation from the members of the board where last employed.

This information is given to indicate the character of the examination and to assist teachers who may wish to make some preparation. Any further information will be cheerfully given by the Superintendent.

J. W. LEECH.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Wednesday, May 30, 1888:

Albert Frillerberger and Annie Loskoski, Cambria.

Michael J. Gooderham, Carroll township and Eva M. Luisy, Susquehanna township.

William Robb and Margaret Dawson, Washington township.

Herman Apel, Cambria township and Carrie Chute, Ebensburg, Pa.

Frank G. Holden and Louisa A. Buzza, Johnstown.

William F. Ott, Jr., and Lizzie Beam, Johnstown.

Joseph C. McMullen and Barbara Hubert, St. Boniface.

Charles Job, Gallitzin and Jane Litzinger, Carrolltown.

James E. Peterson, Johnstown and Maggie Horner, Stoney Creek township.

Michael A. Flanagan, St. Lawrence and Jane E. McCandless, New Washington, Clearfield county, Pa.

John A. Angus, East Taylor township and Flora Varner, Jackson township.

Rudolph Zimmerman and Caroline Frick, Johnstown.

Married.

APEL.—CHUTE.—Married at the residence of the brides parents in Ebensburg on Thursday, May 24th, 1888, by Rev. Geo. Hill, Mr. Herman Apel, of Cambria township and Miss Carrie Chute, of Ebensburg.

Died.

HAMMAN.—Died at the residence of her parents in Allegheny township, on Monday, May 21, 1888, Maggie, daughter of Adam and Annie Hamman, aged 6 years, 6 months, and 2 days.

Her feat too tender were, and weak,
To journey on thro' life;
She was to fragile for the toil,
Too gentle for the strife.

She only waited here awhile,
That we might love her more,
Then sweetly all our sorrowing hearts
With her to heaven she bore.

If she so dearly loved is there,
With God in bliss to-day;
Shall we not hope to follow her
When life shall pass away.

The Lord has marked a way for us,
The surest and the best,
That walking there our death may be
But entering into rest. S.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cure Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by E. J ames and W. W. McAteer, Loretto.

To the Democratic Voters of Cambria County.

I hereby voluntarily withdraw my name as a candidate for the nomination for Sheriff at the coming primary election. In view of the fact that much labor and work is yet necessary for a candidate to perform, and after careful consideration of my prospects for success, I have concluded that further trouble would be useless and unwise on my part. I thank my friends for their kind assistance rendered me in this campaign up to the present time, and hope I may at a future time be able to return a like favor to them.

My respects are due and hereby tendered to all my opponents in the race, and may the best man win.

Respectfully yours,
MICHAEL McBRIDE.

Johnstown, May 26th, 1888.

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE.—Whereas, letters of administration on the estate of David Stiles, late of Blacklick township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment without delay and those having claims against said estate to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MARY STILES,
Admr'x of David Stiles.

Blacklick township, May 26, 1888.-6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Joseph Noel, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration of the estate of Joseph Noel, late of Munster township, county of Cambria, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated for settlement, to

JOHN J. NOEL, Adm'r.

Munster, Pa., June 1, 1888.-6t.

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE.—Estate of Peter Flick, deceased.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Peter Flick, late of Portage township, Cambria county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of said county, those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same are requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

CHRISTINA FLICK, Adm'x,

Portage, June 1, 1888-6t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas, letters testamentary to the estate of Catharine McAteer, late of Washington township, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent will make known the same without delay. P. M. GEORGE,
Executor.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS!

Notice is hereby given that the COUNTY TREASURER of Cambria County will attend, for the purpose of receiving County and State Taxes assessed for the year 1888, at the places of holding the elections in the respective districts, on the dates mentioned below:

South Fork	July 16th.
Croyle Township	July 17th.
Wilmore	July 18th.
Summerhill	July 19th.
Portage	July 20th.
Lilly and Washington, No. 1	July 23d.
Tunnelhill Borough	July 24th.
Gallitzin	July 25th.
Washington Township, No. 2	July 26th.
Munster	July 27th.
Barr Township	July 30th.
Susquehanna Township	July 31st.
Elder Township	August 1st.
Carrolltown	August 2d.
Carroll Township	August 3d.
Clearfield Township	August 6th.
Dean Township	August 7th.
Reade Township	August 8th.
White Township	August 9th.
Chest Township	August 10th.
Chest Springs	August 13th.
Ashville	August 14th.
Gallitzin Township	August 15th.
Allegheny Township	August 16th.
Loretto	August 17th.
Blacklick Township	August 20th.
Cambria Township	August 21st.
Ebensburg, East Ward	August 22d.
Ebensburg, West Ward	August 23d.
East Conemaugh	July 16th.
Franklin	July 17th.
Woodvale	July 18th.
Conemaugh, 1st Ward	July 19th.
Conemaugh, 2d Ward	July 20th.
Johnstown, 1st Ward	July 23d.
" 2d Ward	July 24th.
" 3d Ward	July 25th.
" 4th Ward	July 26th.
" 5th Ward	July 27th.
" 6th Ward	July 30th.
" 7th Ward	July 31st.
Millville, 1st Ward	August 1st.
Millville, 2d Ward	August 2d.
Cambria, 1st Ward	August 3d.
Cambria, 2d Ward	August 6th.
Cooperstale	August 7th.
Prospect	August 8th.
Grubtown	August 9th.
Jackson Township	August 10th.
Upper Yoder	August 13th.
Taylor, East	August 14th.
Taylor, West	August 15th.
Conemaugh Township	August 16th.
Stony Creek Township	August 17th.
Adams Township	August 20th.
Richland Township	August 21st.
Lower Yoder	August 22d.

A discount of 5 per cent. will be allowed on all Taxes paid on or before September 1st, and after October 1st 5 per cent. will be added on all unpaid. THOS. E. HOWE,
County Treasurer.

Treasurer's Office Ebensburg, May 23, 1888.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS THE HON. R. L. JOHNSTON, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, of the 47th Judicial District consisting of the county of Cambria, has issued his precept bearing date the 15th day of March, 1888, to me directed, for holding a Special Court of Common Pleas and a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, and Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in Ebensburg for the county of Cambria, and to commence on the fourth Monday of May, being the 28th day of May, 1888, and to continue three weeks.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen, and Constables, of said county of Cambria, that they be then and there in their proper person, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon on the second week, it being the 1st Monday of June, and being the 4th day of June, 1888, with the records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the Jail of Cambria county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand at Ebensburg, the 1st day of May in the year of our Lord 1888, and the One Hundred and Twelfth Year of the Independence of the United States.

JOSEPH A. GRAY, Sheriff.

Ebensburg, May 1st, 1888.

Widows Appraisements.

Notice is hereby given that the following named appraisements of property appraised and set apart for widows of decedents under the Act of Assembly of the 4th of April A. D., 1851, have been filed in the Register's office at Ebensburg, in and for the County of Cambria, and will be presented to the Orphan's Court of said county for confirmation and allowance on Wednesday, June 6th, A. D., 1888:

No. 1. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property and real estate appraised and set apart for Catharine O'Neill, widow of Owen O'Neill, late of Prospect borough, deceased, $200.50.

No. 2. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Margaret Ryan, widow of Wm. Ryan, late of Lilly borough, deceased, $49.

No. 3. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Mary B. Mouse, widow of Frederick Mouse, late of Croyle township, deceased, $200.

No. 4. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Margaret E. Reese, widow of Elias Reese, late of Cambria township, deceased, $299.34.

No. 5. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property and real estate appraised and set apart for Ann Richards, widow of Wm. H. Richards, late of Jackson township, deceased, $200.

No. 6. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Mary Stiles, widow of David Stiles, late of Blacklick township, deceased, $220.

No. 7. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Emma J. Myers, widow of William H. Myers, late of Johnstown borough, deceased, $152.85.

No. 8. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Elizabeth Keeser, widow of Thomas J. Reese, late of Cambria township, deceased, $230.05.

CELESTINE J. BLAIR,
Ebensburg, May 7th, 1888. Register.

POLITICAL.

FOR SHERIFF.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the next Democratic primary election.

JOHN A. LANGBEIN.

Ebensburg, Pa., Feb. 24, 1888

FOR SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce John J. Kinney, of Tunnelhill borough at the coming Democratic primary election. Your support respectfully solicited.

FOR SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce the name of W. D. McClelland, of Johnstown, as a candidate for Sheriff subject to the decision of the next Democratic primary election.

FOR POOR DIRECTOR.—

We are authorized to announce the name of John F. Long, of Cambria township as a candidate for Poor Director, subject to the decision of the next Democratic primary election.

FOR POOR DIRECTOR.

We are authorized to announce the name of James A. Wharton, of Clearfield township, as a candidate for the nomination of Poor Director subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

FOR ASSEMBLY.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Assembly subject to the Democratic primary election. LEWIS STRAYER.

FOR ASSEMBLY.

We are authorized to announce that John S. Rhey is a candidate for nomination for Assembly subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

FOR ASSEMBLY.

We are authorized to announce the name of Daniel McLaughlin, of Johnstown, as a candidate for Assembly subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

VALUABLE FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.—The undersigned will sell their farm, situated in Allegheny township, adjoining lands of D. A. McGonge, S. J. Sell, Henry Mansfield, and others, containing 75 acres, 60 acres cleared and 58 well timbered with oak, hemlock, cucumber and hickory. A good two-story plank house and frame barn, together with all necessary outbuildings, a never failing spring of water and a stream of water running through the farm. There is also 75 choice apple, pear and peach trees on the premises. The above property will be sold at a price and terms to suit the purchaser and a good warrantee deed guaranteed.

MARY FURY,
ANN FURY,
Loretto Postoffice, Pa.

June 1st.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the matter of the petition of Adam Myers, Committee of Peter Myers, a lunatic, for an order to sell real estate. Having been appointed an auditor to investigate the facts of the case, and report upon the expediency of granting the application and if the case shall require it, to ascertain the amount proper to be raised by such sale, notice is hereby given that I will sit at my office on Saturday, May 26th, 1888, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to attend to the duties of said appointment, at which time and place all persons interested may attend if they see proper.

M. D. KITTELL, Auditor.

Ebensburg May 5th, 1888.-3t.

GREAT EXCITEMENT!

The grand display of all wool $10 Suits now offered for sale by Woolf, Son & Thomas, the Champion Clothiers of Johnstown, has stirred up the whole community. Customers are coming

BEWILDERED BY THE GREAT BARGAINS

and competitors fairly paralized. Everybody admits that these

ALL WOOL $10 SUITS

are equal to any $14 Suit sold elsewhere in Johnstown. A big Variety to select from.

☞See their great display of new Spring Hats.

A beautiful

Imported Photograph

will given free with every Hat.

—COMING SOON!—

THE OLD, ORIGINAL AND ONLY

WALTER L. MAIN'S

—NEW—

International Shows!

10th.--TENTH ANNUAL SEASON--10th.

WALTER L. MAIN, SOLE OWNER AND MANAGER.

MORE NEW, NOVEL AND SPECIAL FEATURES

THAN ANY OTHER SHOW IN EXISTANCE.

Will be at Ebensburg, Penn'a.,

On MONDAY,

JUNE 4th, 1

She Gave Up His Money.

A woman's quick wit makes her, when she has the courage to act upon it, a valuable aid in an emergency. Some years ago, in the days when "road agents" abounded in Montana, a women was traveling by coach to join her husband. One day a fellow passenger said to her:

I have $1,000 in my pocketbook, and feel uneasy about the road agents. Would you mind concealing it in your dress, and returning it to me at the end of your journey? If the highwaymen do stop us they are less liable to search you than me.

She acceded to his request, hid the money in her dress, and the stage drove on without meeting a road agent until toward evening. Then the shout, 'Throw up your hands!' was heard. The driver promptly pulled up as four men on horseback, with masked faces, appeared in the road and covered him with their pistols.

Two of the highwaymen then rode each side of the coach and ordered the passengers to give up their arms, which they did promptly.

"Now shell out!" said the robbers. The passengers handed out their pocketbooks even the man who called in the woman's aid gave up a few dollars.

He was congratulating himself upon his caution, when he heard the woman say in a quiet way:

"I have got $1,000, but I suppose I must give it up."

Suiting the action to the word, she handed over the man's roll of greenbacks.

The robbers rode away, and then the man gave expression to his feeling by abusing the lady and accusing her of betraying his trust from sheer fright.

She smiled mysteriously.

"You will see, sir; but I can't explain now.

At the end of the journey she asked him to stay all night at her house, and said that her husband would be glad to see him.

"Yes ma'am, I will come to your house," he answered in the tone of an injured man; "it's the least you can do, ma'am, seeing that kou have left me without a cent in the world.

At the lady's house he was treated as a distinguished guest but neitLer host nor hostess offered him one word of explanation that night, and he went to bed a sad irritated man.

The next morning as he entered the dining-rooms, the host shook hands with him and said:

"Here is your $1,000, sir, which my wife ventured to borrow in a imergency. She had $20,000 which she was bringing to me concealed in her drass. She thought by giving up at once the $1,000 intrusted to her by you she would save herself from being searched by the robbers.

"Her quick wit saved me from a heavy less, and I am much obliged to you for the forced loan.

Breakfast was a far more cheerful meal to the man than the supper the night before.—*Youth's Companion.*

Walrus-Hunting in the Pacific.

Walrus-hunting is by no means a novelty in adventures, since in has been carried on from time to time out of mind, but in the past the beasts were slaughtered merely for their tusks and blubber, their hides being thrown away as worthless. Modern ingenuity, however, has discovered an important use for the walrus hide, and to-day that which was once regarded as offal is looked upon as the most useful part of the animal. Emery wheels, so generally in use, are when constructed on the old method, liable when run at high speed to burst in fragments, endangering the lives of those who work around them, and consequently experiments have been made from time to time to devise some substitute for the ordinary emery wheel. After various substances had been tried, giving greater or less satisfaction, it was ascertained that walrus hide was the most suitable material for that purpose, possessing as it does the qualities of toughness, durability and suceptibility—i. e.: it is strong does not wear out, and rapidly receives and retains the emery powder. This is applied by pressing it into the porous substance of this the entire emery wheel of to-day is made. As these wheels are in great demand the price of walrus hide has advanced in a corresponding ratio until they now sell for 15 cents per pound, and, as a single hide will weigh from 500 to 1,000 pounds, they are well worth taking. Walrus hunting has, therefore, become an important industry, and although now in its infancy will, beyond doubt, become a rival of whaling in the near future. Nor is the hide the only valuable part of the walrus, as a fine oil is obtained from the blubber of equal value with whale oil, and with the great diminution in the production of elephant ivory the tusks are daily enhancing in value as an important article of commerce.

Your Destiny.

According to almost all the charts gotten up by the astrologists, what may be expected of girls born in different months is about as follows:

If in January, a prudent housewife, given to melancholy, but good tempered.

If in February, humane and affectionate wife and tender mother.

If in March, a frivolous chatter-box, somewhat given to quarreling.

If in April, inconstant, not very intelligent, but likely to be good looking.

If in May, handsome, amiable and likely to be happy.

If in June, impetuous, will marry early and be frivolous.

If in July, passably handsome, but with a sulky temper.

If in August, amiable and practical and likely to marry rich.

If in September, discreet, affable and much liked.

If in October, pretty and coquettish and likely to be unhappy.

If in November, liberal, kind and of a wild disposition.

If in December, well proportioned, fond of novelty and extravagant.

KASKINE
THE NEW QUININE.

GIVES GOODAPPETITE STRENGTH, QUIETNERVES, HAPPY DAYS, SWEET SLEEP.

A POWERFUL TONIC,
that the most delicate stomach will bear.
A SPECIFIC FOR MALARIA, RHEUMATISM, NERVOUS PROSTRATION,
and all Germ Diseases.

The most scientific and successful Blood Purifier. Superior to quinine

Mr. John G. Scarborough, Selma, N. C., writes: "I got malaria in the Southern army and for a dozen years suffered from its debilitating effects. I was terribly run down when I heard of Kaskine, the new quinine. It helped me at once. I gained 35 pounds. Have not had such good health in 20 years.

Other letters of a similar character from prominent individuals, which stamp Kaskine as a remedy of undoubted merit, will be sent on application.

Letters from the above persons, giving full details will be sent on application.

Kaskine can be taken without any special medical advice. $1 a bottle. Sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price.

THE KASKINE CO., 54 Warren St., New York.

CANN'S KIDNEY CURE.

For Dropsy, Gravel, Nervousness, Bright's Heart, Urinary or Liver diseases. Cure Guaranteed. Office, 831 Arch street, Philadelphia. All druggists. Try it. $1 a bottle, six for $5.
March 16, 1884. 1y.

DR SINE'S SYRUP CURES COUGHS AND COLDS.

THE LIGHT-RUNNING
NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE

PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR. NEVER OUT OF ORDER.
NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO. ORANGE, MASS.
CHICAGO, ILL. 30 UNION SQUARE, N.Y. DALLAS, TEX.
ST. LOUIS, MO. ATLANTA, GA. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
FOR SALE BY

DR. SETH ARNOLD'S COUGH KILLER
CURES COUGHS AND COLDS
PREVENTS CONSUMPTION
All Druggists, 25c., 50c., and $1.00. Prepared only by Dr. Seth Arnold, Med. Dep't, Woonsocket, R. I.

THE AMERICAN MAGAZINE
Beautifully Illustrated. 25 cts., $3 a Year.

ITS SCOPE.—THE AMERICAN MAGAZINE gives preference to national topics and scenes, and its literature and art are of the highest standard. Famous American writers fill its pages with a wide variety of interesting sketches of travel and adventure, serial and short stories, descriptive accounts of our famous countrymen and women, brief essays on the foremost problems of the period, and, in short, this Magazine is

Distinctively Representative of American Thought and Progress.

It is acknowledged by the press and public to be the most popular and entertaining of the high-class monthlies.

IMPORTANT. A Specimen Number, with Illustrated Premium List, and Special Inducements in Cash or Valuable Premiums to Club Raisers, will be sent on receipt of 15c., if this paper is mentioned.

☞ Responsible and energetic persons wanted to solicit subscriptions. Write at once for exclusive territory.

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MANUFACTURED BY
PEEK & SON,
(Established 1850)
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The "OPERA" Piano is a strictly first-class instrument, fully warranted for five years. The most perfect instrument in the market and the

Most Moderate in Price.

Catalogue, Terms, Prices, and full information by mail.

Special inducements to readers of this paper.

Our Cottage Upright is a marvel of beauty, and the highest grade of excellency.

☞ It will pay to write us.
(MENTION THIS PAPER.)

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For CHEAP EXCURSION To
CALIFORNIA.
$72 from St. Louis via Iron Mountain Route
$60 from Kansas City via Missouri Pacific Ry
Tickets are good for six months, limited to sixty days for going passage with stop over privileges at pleasure within limit of west-bound passage. Special excursion trains leave St. Louis via. Iron Mountain Route, February 19th and Kansas City via. Missouri Pacific Railway, February 17th. ☞ All connections in the United States and Canada will sell tickets to Los Angeles, San Diego and San Francisco for this EXCURSION.

Paine's Celery Compound
For The NERVOUS
The DEBILITATED
The AGED.

A NERVE TONIC.
Celery and Coca, the prominent ingredients, are the best and safest Nerve Tonics. It strengthens and quiets the nervous system, curing Nervous Weakness, Hysteria, Sleeplessness, &c.

AN ALTERATIVE.
It drives out the poisonous humors of the blood purifying and enriching it, and so overcoming those diseases resulting from impure or impoverished blood.

A LAXATIVE.
Acting mildly but surely on the bowels it cures habitual constipation, and promotes a regular habit. It strengthens the stomach, and aids digestion.

A DIURETIC.
In its composition the best and most active diuretics of the Materia Medica are combined scientifically with other effective remedies for diseases of the kidneys. It can be relied on to give quick relief and speedy cure.

Hundreds of testimonials have been received from persons who have used this remedy with remarkable benefit. Send for circulars, giving full particulars.

Price $1.00. Sold by Druggists.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Prop's
BURLINGTON, VT.

PROTECT YOUR HOMES!
MARLIN DOUBLE ACTION REVOLVER.
A GOOD REVOLVER no longer costs a Fortune

These revolvers are an exact duplicate of the celebrated SMITH & WESSON. .38 Caliber, using Centre-Fire Cartridges.

Self-Cocking, Automatic Ejecting.
FULL NICKEL PLATED, RUBBER HANDLE.
WARRANTED EQUAL IN EVERY RESPECT TO THE SMITH & WESSON.
For sale by Hardware and Gun Dealers everywhere.
Manufactured by THE MARLIN FIRE ARMS CO., New Haven, Conn.

BEST IN THE WORLD!

MARLIN Magazine Rifle.
For large or small game, all shot. The strongest shooting rifle made. Perfect accuracy guaranteed, and the only absolutely safe rifle on the market
BALLARD GALLERY, SPORTING AND TARGET RIFLES, world renowned. Send for Illustrated Catalogue.
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IDEAL RELOADING TOOLS
WILL SAVE ONE-HALF THE COST OF AMMUNITION.

Made for all sizes of Cartridges which are used in any of the following Rifles or Pistols: Marlin, Colt's, Winchester, Ballard, Stevens, Remington, Whitney-Kennedy, Smith & Wesson; also for all gauges and makes of

SHOT GUN SHELLS, PAPER AND BRASS.

Cheaper and better than any other. Send for Price List of these tools to
Ideal Manufacturing Company,
Box 1064 G. New Haven, Conn.

JOHNSON & STOKES' GARDEN and FARM MANUAL
for 1888, will be sent FREE to all who write for it. It is a Handsome Catalogue with Colored Plates, and the FINEST COLLECTION OF SEEDS ever offered. ☞ Our MARKET GARDENERS with varieties specially adapted to their purposes, and all TOOLS necessary to manage a complete garden. If you grow VEGETABLES FOR MARKET, tell us so when you send for our Catalogue.
JOHNSON & STOKES, 219 Market Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
SEEDS

Oils! Oils! Oils!
The Standard Oil Company of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of
ILLUMINATING AND LUBRICATING OILS, NAPHTHA AND GASOLINE
That can be made from Petroleum.
If you wish the most uniformly satisfactory oils in the market ask for ours. Trade for Ebensburg and vicinity supplied by V. S. BARKER & BRO., Ebensburg, Pa.

NOT DEAD YET!
VALLIE LUTTRINGER,
MANUFACTURER OF
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE
AND TIN ROOFING,
Respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public in general to the fact that he is still carrying on business at the old stand opposite the Mountain House, Ebensburg, and is prepared to supply from a large stock, or manufacturing to order, any article in his line, from the smallest to the largest, in the best manner and at the lowest living prices.
☞ No penitentiary work either made or sold at this establishment.
TIN ROOFING a SPECIALTY.
Give me a call and satisfy yourselves as to my work and prices.
V. LUTTRINGER.
Ebensburg, April 13, 1883-tf.

ADVERTISERS by addressing GEORGE P ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., New York, can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of Advertising in American Newspapers. ☞ 100-page pamphlet, 10c

PAINTS.
Dry, Ground in Oil and Ready-Mixed.
We guarantee every Package bearing our firm name, and will REPAINT where satisfaction is not given.
Sterling Ready-Mixed Paint.
40 Beautiful Colors.
MARBLEINE, SUPERIOR TO KALSOMINE.
24 Exquisite Tints.
Perfect Imitations OF NATURAL WOOD. WOOD STAINS.
6 Colors.
Unique Coach Paints,
9 COLORS.
PAINTS and VARNISH in ONE APPLICATION, AT A COST OF 50 CENTS FOR A BUGGY.
Harness Oil, &c., &c.,
SAMPLE CARDS FREE.
The Wm. B. Price Mfg. Co.,
347 WARREN AVENUE,
BALTIMORE, Md.

WE want SALESMEN everywhere, local and traveling, to sell our goods. Will pay good salary and all expenses. Write for terms at once, and state salary wanted. STANDARD SILVERWARE COMPANY, Boston, Mass.

SALESMEN WANTED
to canvass for the sale of Nursery Stock! Steady employment guaranteed. Salary and expenses paid. Apply at once, stating age.
(Refer to this paper.)
SNELL & HOWLAND,
Rochester, N. Y.
April 6, 1888.—8t.

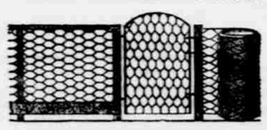
CONSUMPTION
I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed I am so strong in my faith in its efficacy that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a TREATISE ON THIS DISEASE, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., N.Y.

BESSEMER STEEL
BOOT
H. CHILDS & Co
PITTSBURGH, PA.
SOLE LEATHER COUNTER
WILL NOT RUN OVER
ALL SOLID LEATHER
EVERY PAIR WARRANTED
H. CHILDS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

KENTUCKY MULES.

The only firm in Penn'a who make a specialty of Kentucky Saddle and Driving Horses, Draught and Pit Mules and keep constantly in their stables one hundred head of Mules, all sizes, from four foot to the large mule weighing 1400 lbs., are D. Richardson & Co., 59 Second Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Mules shipped to all parts of the State on order. Nothing but No. 1 picked stock to be found in their stables.
☞ Correspondence solicited.

STEEL WIRE FENCE.



The cheapest and neatest Fence for around Lawns, School Lots, Poultry Yards, Gardens, Farms, Park and Cemetery Fences and Gates. Perfect Automatic Gate. Also, all kinds of Wire Work. Write for Prices. State kind and quality of fence wanted. Manufacturers of Fire Escapes and Iron Work.
TAYLOR & DEAN,
265 & 265 Market Street, Pittsburg, Pa.
March 23, 1888.-6m.

SALESMEN WANTED
to canvass for the sale of Nursery Stock! Steady employment guaranteed. SALARY AND EXPENSES PAID. Apply at once, stating age.
CHASE BROTHERS COMPANY.
(Refer to this paper.)
Rochester, N. Y.

I. P. Thomas & Son's,
BONE FERTILIZERS
Contain all the valuable elements of stable manure in a concentrated form. Specially prepared for all crops. They are manufactured for results—permanent results. They cannot be beaten in the field.
OUR WORKS possess every facility. We give them our personal attention. For the same money we guarantee our goods not to be surpassed. Those who use them endorse them. You use them and you will endorse them.
MANUFACTURED BY
I. P. THOMAS & SON,
Philadelphia, Penn'a.
FOR SALE BY
W. J. ANSTEAD, Johnstown; JOSEPH A. NOEL, Ebensburg.
March 3d, 2m.

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPING CARS WITHOUT CHANGE,
St. Louis to Los Angeles and San Francisco,
VIA THE IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE
Leave St. Louis at 8:30 P. M., Daily.
THE ONLY LINE THAT DOES IT.
NO HIGH ALTITUDES, NO SNOW BLOCKADES

All Sorts of Paragraphs.

The silent man is often worth listening to.

Every duty which is bidden to wait, returns with seven others.

The consciousness of integrity gives ease and freedom to the mind.

The point in question—An interrogation point.

Good credit in business is often better than a fat bank account.

Every lane has a turn, but many of us get tired before we reach it.

He who loves to read and knows how to reflect, has laid by a perpetual feast for his old age.

The best characters have a mixture of infirmities, and the worst have some redeeming virtues.

It is a noble species of revenge to have the power of severe retaliation and not exercise it.

Gladstone was in Parliament at twenty-two, and at at twenty-four was Lord of the Treasury.

There is a tide in the affairs of men which, if not skillfully dodged at the proper time, drowns them.

With this year's appropriation, the nation will have paid fully $1,000,000,000 in pensions since the civil war.

Cornelius Vanderbilt's income from his capital is said to be a million dollars a month, while than of William K. is not very far behind it.

"If there is anything I do like," remarked Crimsonbeak, as he came out of the church, yawning, "it is a finished discourse."

The paper doors now coming into use are claimed to possess the advantage over wood, of neither shrinking, swelling, cracking nor warping.

Girl violinists are becoming numerous. Girls are always after beaux of one sort or another—at least in leap year.

The channel of the Congo can be traced for a hundred miles out to sea as a remarkable submarine valley having a depth of 1432 feet just at the river's mouth.

A man recently cut one of his rooster's wings and then gracefully told his neighbor that the bird could not get into his garden on account of the defective flew.

The size of Texas.—The area of Texas is more than equal the area of all the New England States, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, New Jersey and Delaware combined.

Many a man who remains "at the office" till late at night to balance his books, finds considerable difficulty in balancing himself on his way home.

If a man received three dollars per day, and saved every cent of it, one thousand years would elapse before he could be master of a million.

"You have a brother, then sir?" "Yes, madam." "Strange! I just asked your sister the same question, and she replied that she had two."

A religious weekly is discussing "How to bring young men into church." The girls are better qualified to solve that problem than bald-headed editors.

During the past ten years no less than six species of North Americans birds have become extinct, and it is claimed that the English sparrow has been the aincause of their disappearance.

A maiden fell overboard and her lover leaned over the side of the boat, as she rose to the surface, and said, "give me your hand." "Please ask papa," she replied and sank for the second time.

Bobby—Ma, did the doctor bring me in the day-time or night-time? Mother—In the night-time, Bobby. Bobby—Well, I guess that's the reason I don't remember anything about it; I must have been asleep.

A conductor poked his head in the door of a car and called out the station "Sawyer," whereupon a young man upon his wedding tour, who was about to kiss his bride, yelled back: "I don't care if you did sir, she's my wife.

Tramp (piteously)—Please help a poor cripple. Kind Old Gent (handing him some money)—Bless me, why, of course. How are you crippled, my poor fellow? Tramp (pocketing the money)—Financially crippled, sir.

An interesting work is abomt to be commenced in northern Egypt. It is proposed to reclaim faom the sea an area of land extending over 31,000 acres, and for this purpose works and steam pumps have been already established at Abukir.

A particularly vigorous speaker at a woman's rights meeting waving her long arms like the sails of a windmill, asked: "If the women of this country were to rise up in their thousands and march to the polls I should like to know what there is on this earth that would stop them? And in the momentary silence which followed this peroration a still small voice remarked: "A mouse!"

Neither or Nither.

The pronunciation of the word "neither" is very generally considered to be a matter of taste. Most dictionaries give both pronunciations, but good speakers invariably give the long e sound, although the long i sound is generally supposed to have no more serious objection than being somewhat affected. It is, however, incorrect, as its origin will show. It is well known that the German pronunciation of ei is long, as der Fiend, the enemy, while the English rule is to pronounce the diphthong as long e in receive. The long e sound was invariably given in neither until the reign of George I. of England. Being of the House of Hanover, and speaking English indifferently, he gave the German pronunciation to the diphdiphthong. Court parasites thought it proper to ape the King and his pronunciation spread. Few people know this origin, and hence the general mistake.

Oh, What a Cough.

Will you heed the warning. The signs perhaps of the sure approach of that more terrible disease, Consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cents, to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will Cure your Cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a Million Bottles were sold the past year. It relieves Croup and Whooping Cough at once. Mothers do not be without it. For Lame Back, Side or Chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Soldby Dr. T. J. Davison.

Farm, Field and Garden.

There is no subject of more vital importance to the farming interest at the present time than that of manures. How to suppliment the accumulations of home-made manures with least outlay of money und time and greatest benefit to the farm, is as yet an open question with some, though many farmers have accepted commercial fertilizers as an easy solution of the problem.

There are not a few cultivators who assert that the commercial manures are stimulents rather than fertilizers, and ask the very pertinent question how a few hundred pounds of these made fertilizers can cause such a large increase as has been gained, for instance with wheat, in any other way than by forcing the soil to part with some elements necessary to plant growth which it was holding in reserve after having given up all it could spare to former crops. These objectors state the case with plausibility and also with some truth, unless the use of the artificial fertilizers is alternated with substances of a grosser and more material kind, when their continued employment must be a positive advantage. The true theory of successful farming is the rotation and variety of manures as well as rotation of crops, all being useful and necessary in their turn. When this rule is observed lands may not only be made to make renumerative returns every year in grain or grass, but also increase in general productiveness under good cultivation.

At the head of all fertilizers stand the product of the barn yard, not only on account of its general distribution, but also for the reason that as it has been wholly derived from the land it contains all the elements necessary to be returned to it. Clover in the north and cow peas in the south offer to each section ready and reliable fertilizers, valuable not only for their chemical properties, but especially for their usefulness in mechanically changing the character of hard and compact soils. Along with these are the numerous kinds of commercial manures, the trustworthy brands of which contain in fair proportions the elements found in those from the stable, with the important exception that they cannot form vegetable mold, which is just as necessary to a well constituted soil as its mineral and chemical elements.

The following formula, made by the Mapes company, indicates about the average chemical composition of many of the well known commercial brands, along with the other nesessary ingredients. Ammonia, 4 to 5 per cent.; phosphoric acid, 10 to 12, and potash, 4 to 5 per cent. The analyses of scientists make it appear that a ton of average barn yard manure contains about 10 pounds nitrogen, 12 pounds potash and five pounds phosphoric acid. It must, however, be understood that these amounts will vary according to the condition of the manure and the food out of which it was made.

Facts About Fleas.

Fleas love dirt and in it they flourish and multiply most abundantly. But in spite of St. Dominic's curse and their unclean haunts, they are interesting little fellows. Let me put one under the microscope. It seems to be clothed in a sort of armor formed of brown overlapping plates that are so exceedingly tough as to be almost indestructible. Its head is small and very thin and it has a single eye upon each side. This eye is black, and the rays of light scientillate within it like sparks of fire. Puget managed to look through one of these eyes and he found that it diminished objects in size, while it multiplied in number, a man appearing like an army of faries and the same flame of a candle becoming a thousand tiny stars. From the shape of its head and for other reasons the flea is supposed to use only one eye at a time. The offensive weapons of a flea are composed of two palpi, or feelers, two piercers, and a tongue. When it feeds it stands erect, thrusting its suckers into the flesh, and it will eat without intermission until disturbed, for it voids as fast as it swallows its foed. It is interesting to put several in a glass, and, giving them a raw piece of meat, see them all standing up on their hind legs to suck up its juices. The manner of breathing is still undetermined, but it is thought most probable that they receive air into their bodies through small holes at the end of the palpi. The legs of a flea are marvelous in strength and elasticity. They are joined to the body by long tendons, that act like wire springs. It making its leap, which, it is said, can cover 200 times its own length, the flea draws the leg close up to the body, and then throws it out with great force; but the impulse proceeds from the first joint alone, the others only increasing it by their stretch while the leap is being made.—*Ex.*

The Medical Use of Eggs.

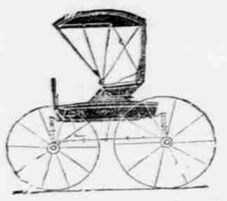
For burns and scalds there is nothing more soothing than the white of an egg, which may be poured over the wound. It is softer as a varnish for a burn than collodion, and being always on hand, can be applied immediately. It is also more cooling than the "sweet oil and cotton," which was formerly supposed to be the surest application to allay the smarting pain. It is the contact with the air which gives the extreme discomfort experienced from ordinary accidents of this kind; and anything which excludes air and prevents inflammation is the best thing to be applied. The egg is also considered one of the very best remedies for dysentery. Beaten up lightly, with or without sugar, and swallowed at a gulp, it tends by its emollient qualities to lessen the inflammation of the stomach and intestines and by forming a transient coating for these organs to enable nature to assume her healthful sway over the diseased body. Two, or, at the most, three eggs per day would be required in ordinary cases; and since the egg is not merely a medicine, but food as well, the lighter the diet otherwise, and the quieter the patient is kept, the more certain and rapid is their recovery.

Of all thieves fools are the worst; they rob you of time and patience.

A FINE PIECE OF
CHEWING TOBACCO
IS INDEED A LUXURY
FINZER'S
Old Honesty
COMES AS NEAR BEING A FINE PIECE OF PLUG TOBACCO

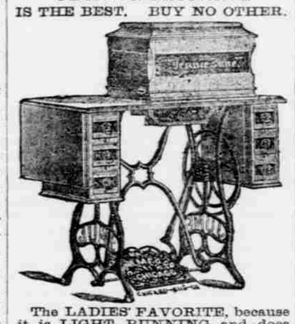
AND IS KNOWN AS A
AS IT IS POSSIBLE TO MAKE IT
Standard Brand
AMONG DEALERS
WE ARE SURE THAT ONE TRIAL
WILL CONVINCE YOU OF ITS MERITS
FINZER'S OLD HONESTY
LOOK FOR THIS TAG ON EACH PLUG
JNO. FINZER & BROS., LOUISVILLE, KY.

CARRIAGES, WAGONS & SLEIGHS



Carriage Making in all its Branches.
Painting, Trimming
and REPAIRING of all kinds done on the SHORTEST NOTICE and the LOWEST PRICES. Also, Planing, Sawing and Wood Turning with improved machinery. Also, all kinds of heavy work done. Carriage-smith shop connected
All parties trusting me with work will be honorably dealt with. All work warranted.
D. M. CHUTE.
Ebensburg, October 24, 1884.

THE NEW AND ELEGANT
—HIGH ARM—
"JENNIE JUNE"
SEWING MACHINE
IS THE BEST. BUY NO OTHER.

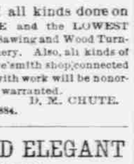


The LADIES' FAVORITE, because it is LIGHT RUNNING and does such beautiful work. Agents' Favorite, because it is a quick and easy seller.
AGENTS WANTED IN UNOCCUPIED TERRITORY.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
JUNE MANUFACTURING CO.
Cor. La Salle Avenue and Ontario Street,
CHICAGO, ILL.

SALESMEN WANTED
To Solicit Orders for our Choice Nursery Stock
We have steady work for honest, sober, industrious men. Salary and Expenses, or Commission, if Preferred. We grow a full line of fruit and hardy ornamental stock, including the new and rare sorts. Everything strictly first class. Satisfaction Guaranteed to Customers and Agents. The business is easily and quickly learned. State age. Name this paper. Address, R. G. CHASE & CO.,
1430 South Penn Square, Philadelphia, Pa.

DR. HOBENSACK'S NERVOUS DEBILITY PILLS.
A sure and safe specific for weakness and debility of the nervous system, and general exhaustion arising from youthful imprudence, excesses and overwork of body and brain, causing physical and mental weakness, loss of memory and sexual incapacity. CURES OLD and YOUNG. Price $1 per box. Prepared and for sale at Dr Hobensack's Laboratory, No. 200 N. 2d Street, Phila. Send for circular.

THE BEST WAY
To get a First-Class Watch is in our Co-Operative Clubs.



FINE WATCHES
AT THE
LOWEST CASH PRICES
Only $1.00 a Week.
Thousands of the best $58.00 Gold Watch ever made are selling in our Co-operative Clubs.
This is the *Best, Cheapest, Most Convenient,* and *only* co-operative system of selling watches. The watches are American Lever Stem Winders, containing every essential to accuracy and durability, and have, in addition, numerous patented improvements found in no other watch. They are absolutely the only *Dust* and *Dampproof Movements* made in the World, and are jeweled throughout with *GENUINE RUBIES.* The *Patent Stem Winder and Set* is the strongest and simplest made. *They are fully equal for appearance, accuracy, durability and service,* to any $75 *Watch.* Our co-operative Club System brings them within the reach of every one.

THE KEYSTONE WATCH CLUB CO.
926 Chestnut St.,
P. O. Box 928. Phila. Pa.
To order to any Co-operative Agency. AGENTS WANTED.
Clubs Constantly Forming. Join Now and Save Money.
WE HAVE AGENCIES IN EVERY LARGE CITY. WE WANT AGENTS EVERYWHERE.

Great Chances for Three Inventors.

I have often taken occasion to say that the world is waiting the appearance of three inventors, greater than any who have yet gone before, and to whom it will accord honors and emoluments for exceeding all ever yet received by any of their predecessors. The first he who will show us how, by the combination of fuel, directly to produce electric current; the second is he who will teach us to reproduce the beautiful light of the glow-worm or the firefly, a light without heat, the production of which means the saving of vast portion of energy without that which is now the serious waste than the thermo-lamps now met with in the attempt to produce light; while the third is the inventor who is to give us the first practical flying ship. The first two of these problems are set for the electrical engineer, and we may be pardoned excess of enthusiasm should it prove to be such, when contemplating the enormous gain to humanity which must come of such inventions, we look confidently for the genius who is to multiply the wealth of the world to an extent besides which the boon confered by the creation of the steam engine and the telegraph will appear overshadowing. When the inventor comes forward, and most probably not till then, it is very likely that we shall see steam superceded by a rival.

Lime For Poultry.

It is perfectly true that all the eggs used in feeding poultry contain a greater or less percentage of lime, and that no other supply is furnished the hens which are laid will generally be enclosed in a shell that is very largely composed of lime. It is also perfectly true, that the universal experience as well as the general practice is to provide lime in some additional form, and that such provision pays.

The methods of giving this additional supply are to furnish ground oyster shells, granulated bone, cracked bones, bone meal, old plaster, sea shells, or lime allowed to cool and become crumbly, air slaked lime and the like. When cracked oyster shells, granulated bone sea shells, old plaster and lime or air slaked lime are used it is necessary to provide vessels and keep them before them at all times. A self-feeding hopper, such as is used by some men for feeding their pets, is a convenient receptacle for lime in all forms. Bone meal is usually mixed with the soft food, and its consumption in that way assured. We think the former method, however, except in the case of very young chickens, the better one, as it is but little labor to fill the hopper, and the fowls will eat all they wish and need no more. Furnish the hens with lime, and thus prevent the shelled eggs, and we might truthfully add, get more good ones.

What Causes Headache.

Overstudy.
Overwork in doors.
Neglect of the bath.
Want of fresh air in bed-rooms.
Nervousness, however induced.
Want of abundant skin-exciting exercises.
Neglect of the ordinary rules that conduce to health.
Over-indulgence in food, especially a stimulating character.
Weakness or debility of body, however produced. This can only be remedied by proper nutriment.
Work or study indoors, carried on in an unnatural or cramped position of body. Literary men and women ought to do most of their work at a standing desk, lying down now and then to rest the brain and heart and permit blood flow. They should work out of doors fine weather—with their feet resting on a board, not on the earth—and under canvass in bad weather. It is surprising the good this simple advice, if followed, can effect.

Of the 340,754 persons engaged in strikes during the year 1887, 248,137, or 73 per cent. of the entire number, were in the states of Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio and New Jersey, the other states and territories furnishing the remaining 27 per cent. Pennsylvania furnished 111,317 strikers, or nearly one third of the number. New York comes next on the list with 62,656, these two states furnished a little more than one-half of the country's quota of strikers. New Jersey furnished 27,503, Ohio 22,825 and Massachusetts 22,659 strikers during the same year. More than $13,500,000 in wages sacrificed by the strikers during that period, was lost by the working classes of these five states. And yet protection protects the working classes we are told.

Origin of the Sandwich.

Of the millions of travelers who have partaken of the luscious sandwich as they traveled through life and dined at the gorgeous lunch counter, few probably know where this hungry-annihilating viand got its unique name. It was not from the islands in the Pacific Ocean, as some suppose, nor from the sand "wich" is found in some of them. The sandwich is the invention of Lord Sandwich, an English aristocrat, who was such an inveterate gambler that he would not leave the gambling table, and had slices of meat placed between slices of bread, which he devoured during the progress of the games.—*Hotel World.*

The squash is one of our tender annuals, and should not be planted until all danger of frost is past. Again, the seed itself is liable to rot in damp, cool weather. Fine plaster is about as good an article as has yet been found for driving away bugs. The crop must be gathered before it is nipped in frost or it will not keep well. A dozen hills of the summer kind will be enough, but of the fall or winter sort five or six rows should be planted.

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints, if you think so call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. Every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly, and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by Dr. T. J. Davison.